The Livinity school of the Pacific 2451 RIDGE ROAD BERKELEY CALIF A LC8 A

June 11, 1961

25 cents

missionary ategy

the parish

e 11:

je 12:

hat the new chbishop faces

Bishop Emrich at Camp Holiday [see page 10]. - for Vacation Bible Schools . . .

HEROES OF HEAVEN

A new book of saints

...a book of saints, with one for each letter of the alphabet, with lesson material, a symbol to color ($8\frac{1}{2} \times 11$), Bible references, memory work, and suggestions for play acting and dramatization.

... developed and tested, used, through a number of years by the Rev. Warren I. Densmore, formerly Headmaster of St. Stephen's Day School, Coconut Grove, Florida; Rector, Church of the Resurrection, Miami. Art work by Mrs. Densmore.

... Refreshingly new; attractively printed; sound instruction.

\$1.00 (postpaid if remittance accompanies order.) 80¢ each (plus postage) in quantities of 10 or more.

AMERICAN CHURCH PUBLICATIONS

347 Madison Avenue New York 17, New York

LETTERS

(Most letters are abridged by the editors.)

The Church of Lanka

One reads [in] the columns of all publications [news] concerning reunion of Churches with an increasing uneasiness at the arguments used. In a recent Living Church you carry a statement by the Bishop of Chelmsford [L.C., May 21st] to the effect that we must take (in England) favorable action with reference to the North India-Ceylon schemes because we have been involved in conversations leading to reunion.

I have heard this argument used in our own Church — and I want to take this opportunity to react to it. As far as I can tell its sole result will be to cause many who might be interested in reunion discussions with other Churches to shy away altogether. We simply are not bound to an outcome if we discuss and seek a reunion scheme. Surely we discuss to arrive at a proposal which each Church must then decide whether or not is faithful to the Gospel as it understands it. One gets tired of being committed, frankly, before the facts of reunion are established.

If discussion commits us, then I for one want no more commissions on reunion in General Convention. God knows, they might enter into a chance discussion of reunion with the leader of the Federated Moslems of the USA or something and we'd all end up bowing eastward.

Let's take discussion and proposals as they are meant to be taken, free and open with all equally reserving the right to quit if they feel the Faith is being tampered with.

(Rev.) HARRIS C. MOONEY Sussex, Wis. Rector, St. Alban's Church

I have been following with interest your coverage of the Church of Lanka. Looking at this from the standpoint of a lawyer, this is a very disturbing development, and one that can do a lot of harm.

Is each separate Province or Church of the Anglican community supposed to pass on the matter of recognition or inter-communion? This could even get down to the diocesan level and you could have, for example, 20 dioceses in the USA give limited recognition to the Church of Lanka, several others full inter-communion, and others a status somewhere in between.

Think of the enormous amount of time and effort that it would take the various Provincial meetings, assemblies, convocations, etc., to investigate and pass on what they feel their status with the Church of Lanka should be. Your editorial [L.C., May 28th] shows that the Convocation of York, England, has consumed a considerable amount of time trying to arrive at their opinion of what the Church of Lanka is supposed to be. This will only create discord and cause a loss of momentum in the mission of the Church.

I hope that The LIVING CHURCH will take the stand that such a matter as the status of the Church of Lanka should only be passed upon by conference such as the Lambeth Conference, and it should not be the subject of decision by individual Churches, Convocations, or dioceses.

HENRY A. MENTZ, JR.

Hammond, La.

Confirmation

In your recent timely symposium, "Pre aration for Confirmation," by three bisho of the Church in this country [L.C., M: 21st], the Bishop of Delaware makes th following distressing statement, concerning post-Confirmation lapses, "Some lapses a inevitable in the life of growing young pe sons. As they move from childhood to m turity, from high school to college, from new job to successive promotions, from b ginning a marriage to raising a family, mar of them will surely have sufficient cause change their minds about being an Episco palian or even about being a Christian.' the statement had said, "some of them wi surely feel they have sufficient cause t change their minds about being an Episco palian or even about being a Christian," th net result would not be so unhappy - an so pessimistic. One wonders if the bisho meant that some young people who fa away will feel they have sufficient caus and not that they indeed will have cause There is a vast difference. There likewis is a vast difference between "sufficient cause and lame excuse, pure and simple lazines

In the same symposium the Bishop c West Missouri says Confirmation preparation as a whole is very much better than h was 30 years ago. As one who has brought into the Episcopal Church six persons in that time, and has attended four complete Confirmation instructions in three different dioceses, I thoroughly agree with Bishop Welles.

It is also a fact that our Sunday school material and instruction have greatly improved in the same time. There is yet along way to go, but we are moving. There will be fewer lapses when we have more abbetter instruction, discipline, and authority in the full Faith of the Prayer Book. (An outstanding example was the recent bishops pastoral letter.) The people in the pews cryout for Reverend Fathers in God what know what they believe, and teach it fully in His holy name.

Jesse A. Jewett Treasurer, Emmanuel Church

Pittsburgh, Pa.

Name of the Church

I wonder what objection your readers will have to Mr. Tarbet's excellent suggestion for a new Church name [L.C., Maya 21st]?

Isn't it about time we realized that taking all the old "Catholic" and "Protestant" arguments back into General Convention will end in the usual triennial stalemate? Why not a new approach such as "Western Orthodox," which would possibly get us somewhere? Of course the "un-orthodox" in our midst may not approve.

R. F. WILSON

La Jolla, Calif.

Much has already been said and written concerning the "name of the Church," so that the question I would raise is concerned with a common title for all the Churches of the Anglican Communion.

It is confusing and little remembered by candidates preparing for Confirmation to be told that the many Churches of our Communion are known by different names in different countries. Why couldn't we have a imon title for the Churches of our branch Christendom, distinguished only by the ne of the country in which it is found? already have at least two such national arches in our Communion — the Holy holic Church in Japan, and the Holy holic Church in China.

1any good reasons have already been adced for the name "The Holy Catholic Irch," such as Lt. Poteet's [L.C., May t], and others previously. A common ne for all the Churches would contribute a greater understanding by all people of unity, worship, and work, within the irch Universal, and prevent any irritais which Churchmen might have because ritual practice or national political activ-Mine is another "voice" for "The Holy

holic Church in the United States of erica." (Rev.) S. N. JACOBS

Rector, St. Andrew's Church veland, Ohio

Vestments



We note with some interest the article by the Rev. Canon Edward N. West, "Vest-ments — the Styles Change," in the March 12th issue of THE LIVING CHURCH.

One of his notable difficulties is the wearing of the classical or conical chasuble for the distribution of Communion. If the chasuble is properly worn in the typical manner, i.e., as in the illustration of S. Apol-

are in classe, it will not incumber the celent. Such slippage usually occurs when azy or slippery materials are used.

The cut illustrates that the true chasuble a living garment, to be used according to action. While we note that the illustrans of Mary Moore are suitable in decoran may we submit the notion that this othic" type garment is in reality basically undergarment and only a chasuble by snomer, if we are to follow the basic rms of architectural principles, expressed the physiology of the human body.

ROBERT BONNETTE

orthfield, Vt.

Tape Exchange

I have just read with interest the article the tape recorder in THE LIVING CHURCH March 12th.

I make my own tape commentaries for with filmstrips, collect interviews with hops and parish priests when on tour or liday, and record my own talks for pargroups during my absence, etc.

There is something else I want to do with tape recorder — to exchange tapes with rish clergy (especially in country areas) laymen who can tell us something about rish life and discuss Church affairs genally. And perhaps we may be able to exange slides or black and white prints.

I wonder if [your readers] would be inter-

ted in such an exchange.

We have a parish fellowship of from 30 40 persons who are particularly anxious

Continued on page 21



All within the Church...

Life Insurance ☐ Fire Insurance and ☐ Lay Pensions ☐ Allied Lines ☐ Group Insurance ☐ Fine Arts ☐ Hymnals ☐ Fidelity Bonds ☐ Prayer Books ☐ Burglary and Theft

Please check fields of interest and return to

☐ Prayer Book Studies

The CHURCH Pension Fund and affiliated companies

20 Exchange Place • New York 5, N.Y.

ST. JAMES LESSONS

CONTENTS: Based on the Prayer Book.

METHOD: Workbook, 33 lessons, handwork.

Nine courses.

OBJECTIVE: To teach understanding and practice of the Episcopal faith.

PRICES: Pupils' work books, each ... \$1.10

Teachers' manuals I, II, III, each .50

Teachers' manuals IV to IX, each .75

No samples or books on approval.

Payment with orders.



ST. JAMES LESSONS

LESLIE H. NOBBS

Designs and Estimates for Special Requirements in Decorations MEMORIALS Furniture 536 MADISON AVE. NEW YORK CITY

The Living Church -Your BEST BUY in news of the Church today.



☐ General Liability

Clergy and Choir VESTMENTS **ALTAR HANGINGS and LINENS** Chasubles - Albs - Amices - Copes All Embroidery Is Hand Done
Materials by the Yard — "Kits" for Altar
Hangings and Eucharistic Vestments

J. M. HALL, INC.

14 WEST 40th ST. NEW YORK 18, N. Y. Tel. CHickering 4-1070





IN CHOICE OF COLORS
BETTER LOOKING, TOO

even after years of regular service

Foam filled and covered in finest vinyl upholstery. Strong, resilient, easy to clean. Sturdy, knitted fabric back. $16^n \times 10^n$ surfaces available in 4^n , 2^n depths. Chapel Kneeler, $16^n \times 10^n \times 1\frac{1}{2}^n$. In red, green, brown, maroon.

Write for New Color Catalog on Kneelers, Pew Kneeling Bench Cushions & Pew Seat Cushions.

J. THEODORE

2013 Sansom Street

CUTHBERTSON, INC.
L61 Philadelphia 3, Pennsylvania

THE WHITECHAPEL BELL FOUNDRY

Manufacturer of Ecclesiastic Vestments



Since the first bells made at the WHITECHAPEL FOUNDRY

early in Elizabeth Tudor's Reign each generation has left its mark in the added skill of its successor.

The original Liberty Bell, Big Ben, and the heaviest ringing peal in the world at Liverpool Cathedral are among the many famous bells born at Whitechapel.

MEARS & STAINBANK

34 Whitechapel Road, LONDON, E.1., ENGLAND Cables: Chimings London

Arguments Restated

LOVE ALMIGHTY AND ILLS UN-LIMITED. An Essay on Providence and Evil Containing the Nathaniel Taylor Lectures for 1961. By Austin Farrer, Warden of Keble College, Oxford. Doubleday. Pp. 168. \$3.50.

Near the beginning of Love Almighty and Ills Unlimited, its author, Austin Farrer, remarks that there is nothing new to be said on this subject. He notes that old arguments always stand in need of restatement, and, in fact, Dr. Farrer is the type of author that many people will read just to see how he will state the points he wishes to make.

Dr. Farrer's language is tempered for moderns. In that idiom he discusses the kinds of evil, rules out dualism as a solution to the problem of evil, discusses physical evil as the mutual interference of systems, analyzes animal pain, and indicates that persons, as distinct from the lower animals, experience pain in a unique way. All of this is done in thorough agreement with traditional thought.

The first chapter and the last two are the best in the book, to my mind. The first chapter is a statement of "The Question." In the last two chapters Dr. Farrer deals with original sin and "Griefs and Consolations." Dr. Farrer's views on original sin are reminiscent of those of the late Frederic Hastings Smyth. Both men stress the social and communal nature of original sin.

The total effect of Dr. Farrer's book is to suggest that we reëvaluate what is natural. His treatment stresses both the necessity of physical evil and the direct moral responsibility of individual men. He speaks against spiritual-demonic causation in this field as frequently doing too much for a just God to permit. He views God as constructing this universe from chaos up, not from order down. Depending on which of these directions is accepted, different things are to be explained. In the former view, for example, there is no need for a mythical "golden age" of man.

The author lays great stress on man as a talking animal. For the problem at hand, his development of this theme is most helpful. There are, however, other problems in theology and philosophy which will be made more difficult if the nature of man cannot also be interpreted along more traditional lines. Because of some of the cryptic remarks made in this area, a more detailed treatment of the doctrine of man must be awaited from Dr. Farrer before a final evaluation can be given to his major contention in this regard.

ARTHUR A. VOGEL

LEO XIII AND THE MODE WORLD. Edited by Edward T. Garg Loyola University. Sheed and Ward. 246. \$4.50. A symposium on the sign cance of the pontificate of Leo XIII, w reigned as pope for 25 years and di (1903) at the age of 93. An introducte chapter surveys the life and work of L another chapter by Kenneth Scott Lato ette (a Baptist!) treats of the Church a the world in the 19th century; then f low seven chapters (all, apparently, R.C.s) on various aspects of Leo's wo including a quickly-moving chapter, "I XIII and England," which tells again t story of the condemnation, etc., of A glican orders in the bull, Apostolic Curae (1896).

CALVIN: INSTITUTES OF TH CHRISTIAN RELIGION. In Two Vi umes (Vol. XX: Books I. i to III. xix pp. i-lxxi, 1-849; Vol. XXI: Books I xx to IV. xx — pp. 850 — 1734). Edit by John T. McNeill. Translated by For Lewis Battles. Westminster Press. \$12.5 the set. The two volumes form Volum XX and XXI of "The Library of Char tian Classics." A translation of Calvin Institutes "newly made from the 15." Latin Text," by a translator in collabor. tion with the editor and "a corps of exper Latinists and Calvin scholars." Contain some 200 pages of bibliographies, Bibliographi cal references, author and source ince subject index, index of names and place indices of Hebrew, Greek, and Lat words.

THE PRAYERS OF MAN. From Prinitive Peoples to Present Times. Compile by Alfonso M. diNola. Edited by Patric O'Connor. New York: Ivan Obolenski Inc. Pp. xxxii, 544. \$8.50. A "gigantic collection. Prayers of various non-Christian religions (pp. 1 - 414), Christian prayers (415 - 532), Islam (535 - 44). Christian section marred by poor documentation and predilection for the sensationa (e.g., amulets, exorcism, "In Praise Christ's Bodily Parts"). A journalisticather than a scholarly production.

THE PRIEST'S BOOK OF PRIVATION PRAYERS. Copies obtainable from The Principal, Bishop's College, 224 Lowe Circular Road, Calcutta 17, India. Pp. v. 76. A small, pocket-sized, presumably in expensive (though no price quoted) collection of private devotions for the clerg containing much well-known material ansome good material not so well known e.g., the prayer for Sunday night (p. 27)

"O Lord, who by triumphing over the powers of darkness didst prepare our place in the new Jerusalem; grant us, who have this day given thanks for thy Resurrection, to praise thee in that city whereof thou art the light, who with the Father and the Holy Spirit ever livest and reignest one God world without end. Amen."

The Living CHURCH

A Weekly Record of the News, the Work, and the Thought of the Episcopal Church.

STAFF

er Day, editor. Christine Fleming Heffner, aging editor. Jean Drysdale, assistant to the pr. Ray C. Wentworth, news editor. Rev. F. C. thourn, S.T.M., literary editor. Very Rev. iam S. Lea, Elizabeth McCracken, Paul B. erson, Th.D., Paul Rusch, L.H.D., associate prs. Lila Thurber, assistant editor. Patricia iams, editorial assistant. Warren J. Debus, ness manager. Marie Pfeifer, advertising manness manager. Marie Pfeifer, advertising manness ness manager. Marie Pfeifer, advertising man-. Roman Bahr, subscription manager.

ADVERTISING REPRESENTATIVE

n E. Shubert Company, 3818 Chestnut St., ladelphia 4. Chicago: 154 East Erie St. ladelphia 4. Chicago: mi Area: Dawson Co., 1206 Chamber of Com-ce Bldg., Miami 32, Fla. Los Angeles: 1350 Highland Ave.

IE CHURCH LITERATURE FOUNDATION

Rev. Donald H. V. Hallock,*† Bishop of waukee, president. Rt. Rev. Charles F. nton,*† Suffragan of New York, vice president. IT Day,* secretary. Joseph Carson,* treasurer. Rev. John P. Craine,† Bishop of Indianapolis, Rev. Gerald F. Burrill,† Bishop of Chicago. Frs. William E. Craig,† Dudley J. Stroup.*† srs. Jackson Bruce,*† Harry P. Leadingham,* lord P. Morehouse,† Robert D. Jordan,† Member

DEPARTMENTS

ilican		Editorials	15
rspectives	16	Letters	2
ks	4	News	6
ths	23	People and Places	22
	Vestryman's	Diary 19	

SPECIAL FEATURES

ochial Missions - A Strategy Fredrick A. Barnhill 11

at Does the New Archbishop Face? Dewi Morgan 12

THINGS TO COME

Second Sunday after Trinity Meeting of NCC's Commission on Higher Education, Lake Geneva, Wis., to 19th

Third Sunday after Trinity Nativity of St. John the Baptist Fourth Sunday after Trinity St. Peter

July

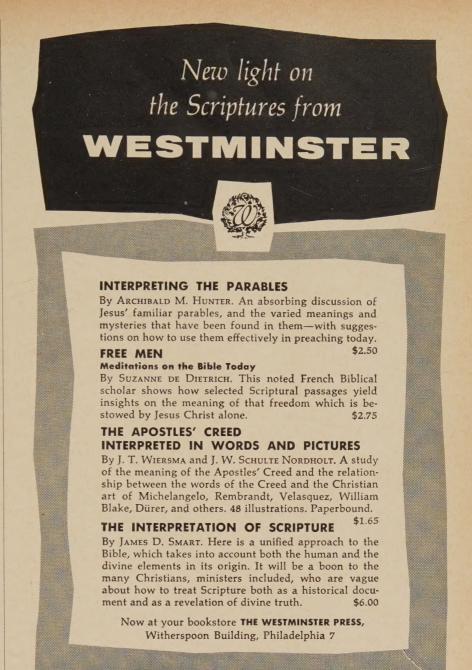
Fifth Sunday after Trinity Independence Day Sixth Sunday after Trinity Seventh Sunday after Trinity

WS. Over 100 correspondents, at least one in h diocese and district, and a number in foreign ntries, are *The Living Church's* chief source of ws. Although news may be sent directly to the torial office, no assurance can be given that such terial will be acknowledged, used, or returned. (OTOGRAPHS. The Living Church cannot as-ne responsibility for the return of photographs.

IE LIVING CHURCH is a subscriber to ligious News Service and Ecumenical ess Service. It is a member of the Assoted Church Press.

IE LIVING CHURCH is published every k, dated Sunday, by the Church Literature indation, at 407 E. Michigan St., Milwaukee 2, s. Second-class postage paid at Milwaukee, Wis-

BSCRIPTION RATES: \$10.00 for one year; 3.00 for two years; \$24.00 for three years. Forn postage \$2.00 a year additional.



If your Organization needs a quick moneymaker Sell Note Cards with a pen and ink sketch of your CHURCH, SCHOOL OR A FAVORITE SCENE In Your Community.

For FREE samples and information write to CREEKO CREATIONS

Lock Box L

Johnson Creek, Wis.



RELIGIOUS BOOKS OF ALL **PUBLISHERS**

Morehouse-Barlow Co.

14 E. 41st St. New York 17, N. Y. 29 E. Madison St. Chicago 2, III.

Morehouse-Barlow Co. of California 261 Golden Gate Ave. San Francisco 2, Calif.

4400 Melrose Ave. Los Angeles 29, Calif.



The Pioneer Church Candle Manufacturers of America

Get the MOST news coverage for your money. Read THE LIVING CHURCH.

The Living Church

Second Sunday after Trinity St. Barnabas' Day June 11, 1961 For 82 Years:

A Weekly Record of the News, the Wor and the Thought of the Episcopal Churc

JOINT COMMISSIONS

Approaching Unity

The Joint Commission on Approaches to Unity, in its report to the 1961 General Convention, recommends acceptance of the invitation recently issued by the United Presbyterian Church in the USA that the Episcopal Church join with the Presbyterians in inviting the Methodist and Congregational Churches to "explore the establishment of a united Church truly Catholic, truly Reformed, and truly Evangelical." [See L.C., June 4th.]

The Commission also recommends the establishment of full communion with the Spanish Episcopal Reformed Church, the Lusitanian Church, and the Philippine

Independent Church.

Recognizing that there is a variety of opinion concerning the propriety and effectiveness of Canon 36 (which provides for the ordination of ministers of other Churches who wish to continue as members or ministers in those Churches), the Joint Commission recommends the elimination of "those sections of the canon which at one and the same time create problems and are also difficult to use in practical circumstances," and the amendment of the balance of the canon "so that it will really be useful both in the Church's internal operations and in expressing our respect for other ministries." In the form recommended by the Joint Commission, Canon 36 would require a candidate for Orders to "hold the historic faith of the Church as contained in the Apostles' and Nicene Creeds"; accept the doctrine, discipline, and worship of this Church; and "desire the grace and authority of Holy Orders as required for the exercise of the ministry of this Church.'

The canon also would allow for the reading of a preface to the ordinal, making it known that "we are about to confer upon the ordinand the grace and authority of Holy Orders as this Church has received them and requires them for the exercise of the ministry therein." A phrase whose inclusion in the letters of ordination would be allowed under the proposed canon would be: "Recognizing the ministry which he has already received and hereby adding to that commission the grace and authority of Holy Orders as understood and required by

this Church for the exercise of the ministry. . . . "

The Commission also recommends that conversations with the Methodist Church be continued.

Editor's Note: Text of the report of the General Convention's Joint Commission on Approaches to Unity will be printed in a forthcoming issue of THE LIVING CHURCH.

UNIVERSITIES

First

The University of the South, Sewanee, Tenn., has admitted the first Negro student to be accepted outside of the university's school of theology, according



to a spokesman for the university. James Arthur Cohen, 25, a teacher of biology and physics, has enrolled in the Summer Institute of Science and Mathematics at the school.

The school's spokesman said that five Negroes have, since 1953, matriculated in the school of theology at the university, and that no qualified Negro has ever been rejected.

"I Cannot Allow. ... "

Eugene B. Kayden, professor emeritus of the University of the South, has refused to accept an honorary degree from the university at the same time that one is awarded to a segregationist newspaper editor.

Mr. Kayden, a Churchman, is often referred to as the "voice of Boris Pasternak in America" in recognition of his translation of some of Pasternak's works. Mr. Kayden said that if he accepted the honor along with Mr. Thomas Waring, editor of the Charleston, S. C., News and Courier, he would be violating the spirit of Pasternak, who, he said, was opposed to "all political ideologies that divide people."

"[Boris Pasternak] is the spokesman in

the modern world in the name of o Christian thought and conscience, Chritian love, Christian compassion," said M Kayden, as quoted in the Chattanoog Tenn., Times. "Today he belongs to h manity. He is our heritage as much Russia's. His voice is for all nations a races, all conditions and sorts of men the world. If I am to be honored at University of the South, I cannot all myself to be honored as an integration or segregationist, as a counterweight the things Mr. Waring stands for today.

Boris Pasternak, Nobel prize-winning Russian poet and novelist, was the author of the book, *Doctor Zhivago*. Mr. Kanden has translated many of the Russian

author's poems.

The Charleston editor was selected of the recipient of an honorary degree the unanimous vote of the board of regents of the University of the South. The board of regents comprises three bishops, three priests, and six laymen.

Mr. Waring's name was proposed, three years ago, to the university faculty for recommendation to the regents for a degree, but the faculty indicated its disapproval. The selection of Mr. Waring this year was on the initiative of the regents.

Mr. Kayden was one of several facult members who, in 1958, protested attack by the Tennessee state legislature of the Highlander Folk School, Monteagle Tenn., near Sewanee.

He is a trustee of the integrated school which was called a "nest of Communists in the legislature, and which was attacked editorially by Mr. Waring.

Dr. Edward McCrady, vice chancello of the University of the South, said that he was sorry to hear of Mr. Kayden decision not to receive a degree at this time, and added, "I think he has made great mistake."

"The great variety of opinion amonthe honorees with respect to integration should be sufficient evidence that the honors extended by the university have nothing to do with that subject," he said

Dr. McCrady told THE LIVING CHURCH that Mr. Waring was chosen to be a re cipient of a degree because he is a "distinguished alumnus of the University of the South, and a distinguished citizen of his community," who has very much helped the paper of which he is the editor

tements Received

HE LIVING CHURCH has received two ements in connection with the recent gnation of the Rev. Dr. Wilford O. ss as professor of philosophy and cs at the University of the South ., April 16th]. The first is from the a and faculty of the School of Theolof the University of the South:

The notice in the May 25th issue of the ness alleging that the resignation of ford O. Cross from this faculty was over ifference of opinion concerning racial cy at this institution has forced us to e a statement we had fervently hoped ld not be necessary.

Professor Cross's resignation had nothing o with any such issue. We are at one in oving the policy of the school of theolof admitting qualified applicants withregard to race. The tragic fact of the ter is that over the past several years we, dean and faculty, have reluctantly come ne conclusion that we could not conduct is presence the necessarily confidential ters which our pastoral and canonically ified duties demand of us, and have rely served notice to this effect to the ersity administration and regents. In face of the possibility of being disged, Professor Cross, in spite of his ileges as one having academic tenure, fered his resignation.

We have until now refused to make any lic statement of the facts. In spite of the lting misunderstanding, fed in part by misleading statement published by THE NG CHURCH, April 16, 1961, alleging unified policy disagreements, we felt that vering these misunderstandings publicly lld not be in keeping with our Christian

ession.

However, in spite of the reluctance which priests of the Church, feel about divulgsuch matters concerning a former colue, this new and completely false charge not remain unanswered, since it impugns only our individual integrity, but also of the school and, indirectly, its stu-

he second statement is from Dr.

The statement of the faculty expresses

reluctance to give the facts and matters concerning my resignation. It is most difficult to discover these divulged facts and matters in the statement. There are, on the other hand, assumptions and innuendoes. What seems to be referred to as the central fact is a subjective judgment on the part of the members of the faculty that confidential matters regarding students could not be discussed in my presence. This has for background a situation in which numbers of students have come to me for advice and consolation when in trouble and I have done what I could to console and to suggest remedial action. In every case these students had already been informed by the dean of the faculty [of] action regarding them and I can think of no case in which I wittingly gave important information. In the case of one of the seniors expelled at mid-term this year the facts as presented at faculty meeting were so divergent from the true facts that I was deeply disturbed. That this student was unjustly expelled may be assumed by the fact that another seminary, after review of the issue, accepted him in the last semester of his course, and that he has had the backing of his bishop in every way. It is, also, an unwarranted and undisciplined assumption that I resigned from fear of being discharged. This assumes a psychological motive and uses the somewhat transparent device of "guilt by consciousness of guilt." As a matter of demonstrable fact, two months before my resignation I had discussed the possibility of withdrawing from the seminary with the head of the philosophy department and the deans of administration and of the college. Half of my teaching load was in the college, in any case. The reasons for my wishing to withdraw from the seminary were expressed to responsible people at that time, and the later acute difference with the theological faculty merely accentuated my desire to withdraw from the seminary. I was deeply discontented with

The Church of Our Saviour, Elmhurst, Ill., won the Honor Award of the 1961 Conference on Church Design for its designers, Cooley and Borre, A.I.A. and Associates, of Park Ridge, Ill. The building is of contemporary design, but is constructed of such materials as to be in harmony with an older structure, which can be seen in the background of the picture. The spaces between the four arms of the cruciform building are walled-in aarden courts.

Herrlin Studio



pastoral and academic relations between students and faculty in the theological school. My resignation was therefore not motivated by fear of discharge, which was highly improbable in any case, but by a deep moral discontent with my work and my associations. It is significant that my resignation was given four days after the regents' meeting that is supposed to have filled me with

"I have never implied to anyone that my resignation was in any way connected with the race issue. This was a journalistic assumption for which I am not responsible. It is certainly true that had the Waring degree been on deck at the time of my resignation it would have given me an added reason and another source of frustration connected with my work. The logic of the statement made by the faculty indicates an acute over-sensitivity over my resignation which causes them to divulge assumptions and unproved charges masqueraded as facts."

LITERARY

Bede Frost Dies

The Rev. Albert Ernest Frost (better known by the name "Bede" Frost under which he wrote) died in England April 29th. He was the author of a number of works on the spiritual life and related subjects, best known of which is perhaps The Art of Mental Prayer (1931).

Ordained by the saintly Bishop Edward King of Lincoln, in 1900, Fr. Frost spent the years 1916-1925 in the American Church, serving under the late Rev. John A. Staunton at the Church of St. Mary the Virgin, Sagada, P. I.

The day before he died Fr. Frost received Holy Communion from the vicar of St. Ann's, Derby, who buried him in the village churchyard on May 1st. He had been associated with this same parish as a young man.

LOS ANGELES

Enriching Controversy

The executive council of the diocese of Los Angeles, in a public statement issued recently, defended the right of the Church to speak out on social and political issues, and expressed concern for a "growing climate of fear and suspicion" in the Los Angeles community.

The council said, in part:

"Current controversy over the proper role of the Church in relation to the social and political issues of our day moves this executive council of the diocese of Los Angeles to remind our people that the Holy Catholic Church of Jesus Christ is founded on the belief that He is the living Lord of all

"We believe it is the duty of Christians at this hour to reaffirm their devotion to the dignity of man as a child of God, and to his essential freedom under God, by voicing an utter rejection of the totalitarianism of Communism, Fascism, and all other expressions of tyranny, whether of the right or the left, which seek to destroy this dignity and this freedom. . .

We are concerned about a growing cli-

mate of fear and suspicion in our community. We deplore the methods used by those who, in the name of opposition to Communism, make a concerted attempt to establish themselves as 'official' censors for all thought in the community and seek to deny to their fellow citizens the right to be heard, peaceably to assemble, and to petition. We deplore the unfounded accusations of disloyalty which have been cast at many of our courts, in our schools, and among the leadership of our churches.

"Particularly, we would reaffirm at this time our confidence in the integrity of those Episcopalians who represent us on the Na-

tional Council of Churches. .

"We believe it is important for church leadership on every level . . . to look fearlessly at the crucial issues of our time in the light of the best understanding we have of God's will, and to share these charitably, yet frankly, one with another. This type of 'controversy' can, we believe, enrich both the state and the Church. To stifle the Christian prophetic voice or to silence within our Church fellowship a concern for social issues will . . . betray our sacred calling in Christ."

ECUMENICAL

Echo of Appeal

The Vatican Radio, in a special broadcast devoted to the forthcoming Vatican Council, expressed satisfaction that "some of our separated brothers also will join in, with their prayers, the supplications of the [Roman] Catholics," for Christian unity.

The broadcast said that the appeal of Pope John XXII for unity "has in fact found an echo outside the confines of the [Roman] Catholic Church." The broadcast specifically cited the World Council of Churches and the Most Rev. Geoffrey Francis Fisher, retired Archbishop of Canterbury.

"The prayers of our separated brothers for Christian unity, given with profound sincerity," the broadcast continued, "will certainly be accepted by God although the idea they have of unity does not correspond fully with the live and true unity already present and operative in the [Roman] Catholic Church."

Return to Senses

Archbishop Iakovos of the Greek Orthodox Archdiocese of North and South America called the nationalist uprisings in Asia and Africa a challenge for all Christians. The archbishop spoke at a meeting of the US Conference for the World Council of Churches.

"It is imperative that we prove, beyond the shadow of a doubt, to ourselves first and thus to all who have lost their trust in us," the archbishop said, "that our only concern is how to dissipate the darkness of fear, how to project more light of hope, how to translate the Gospel into Christian action, how to serve and to help more adequately the social, moral, and spiritual advancement and well-being of all people that inhabit the earth."

He said that it is "time for us to return to our senses, and particularly to the sense of the real dimensions of our Christian task. Only then shall we realize how terribly we have failed Christ.'

Archbishop Iakovos said the ecumenical movement can "easily become a task force of the universal Church." He said the movement is the "God-given spiritual weapon to destroy the strongholds of disunity and division, of secularism and atheism, and of temporality and self-complacency.'

MAINE

Looking Eastward



The convention of the diocese of Maine adopted a resolution urging the General Convention to ask its Joint Commission on Approaches to Unity to "begin

conversations at once with the proper representatives of the Orthodox Churches." The convention also asked the General Convention to refer all considerations of Church union with the Presbyterian and other Churches to the Joint Commission on Approaches to Unity for further

The convention, which met on May 17th in Portland, Maine, also:

Expressed appreciation to the House of Bishops for the bishops' pastoral letter of November, 1960.

Raised the minimum stipend for clergymen in the diocese to \$4,000.

Commended the Standing Liturgical Commission for its work in providing Propers for the lesser feasts, but requested General Convention to withhold final approval of that work at this time.

" Urged the President of the US to reflect the letter and spirit of the 14th Amend-



ment and related laws, making housing equally available to all Americans regardless of race, color, or creed.

Requested the provision for an increased and more efficient administration of the Church's alcoholism program.

- Adopted a total budget for 1962 of \$144,211

Adopted a resolution presented by the standing committee praising Bishop Loring of Maine for "20 years of godly leadership of the diocese of Maine."

ELECTIONS. Standing committee: clergy, Herbert Craig, Charles Brown, Haig Nargesian; laity, Fred Scribner, Jr., Ralph Kennison, Donovan Lancaster. Deputy to General Convention (to replace Samuel Henderson, Jr., now a postulant for Holy Orders): Roger Ray. Alternates to General Convention; clerical, Leonald Demograph, Laby Philips. vention: clerical, Leopold Damrosch, John Phillips, Joseph Bolger, Richard Adams; lay, Kenneth

Cleaves, William Morris, Roderic O'Connor, Rob Hussey. Diocesan council: Rev. Wilbur Hogg, Rev. Mark McCullough, Ralph Kennison, Don

SEAMEN

Individual Concern

Russia's "red carpet" treatment for fa eign seamen coming to its port cities w described to a session of the Nation Council of Seamen's Agencies, meeting the Philadelphia Seamen's Church Ins tute May 8th to 10th.

The Rev. L. F. Yelland, of the Ne York Lutheran Seamen's Center, 1 ported that a city official meets each sh visiting Russia, and arranges for the e tire crew to tour the city and see a mov which points out advantages of the Ru sian way of life.

Some participants in the three-day co ference said that such mass welcom should not be a model for the council 35 agencies.

"Ours is still a concern for the indiviual on a personal and spiritual basis said the Rev. Guy Marshall, an Anglica chaplain in the Toronto, Canada, por

The most critical observation of "American way" was that the American seaport cities, such as New York, have too many agencies competing with orc another or duplicating one another work. Much greater coördination e agencies with shipping industries an maritime unions in every port was say gested by some speakers, including Rev. Richard Newsham, an Anglicac priest who is engaged in planning for th Toronto Harbor Commission. The Rev. Kenneth E. Nelson, executive secretary of the National Council's Division of Health and Welfare Services, pointed out that the opening of the St. Lawrence Seawan makes the Great Lakes cities a number one problem area.

The Rev. James F. McElroy, director of the Seamen's Church Institute of Phil adelphia, was elected president of the National Council of Seamen's Agencies

LAYMEN

Seabury Head

John C. Goodbody, vice president o the Colonial Williamsburg organization Williamsburg, Va., will take up duties a president of Seabury Press, Greenwich Conn., publishing house of the Episcopa Church, on September 1st. He will resign his position with Colonial Williamsburg

Mr. Goodbody's selection as head o the publishing firm was announced by the Most Rev. Arthur Lichtenberger Presiding Bishop, who is chairman of the

Seabury Press board.

Mr. Goodbody was born in Omahai Neb., in 1915. He was graduated from Williams College in 1937, and served in China as a war correspondent for United Press wire service. After he returned to the US, he worked as a reporter for the



hn C. Goodbody: the Church's publisher.

edo, Ohio, *News-Bee*, and then as ociate editor of the *School Executive*. served for a year as assistant to the sident of Williams College, and did duate work at Harvard University il the US entry into World War II.

During the war, he served in Naval elligence, and later as editor of the blication, Weekly Intelligence. When, 1945, he was discharged with the rank lieutenant commander, he became a ching fellow at Harvard University, joined Colonial Williamsburg in 1946 director of publications. He later bene director of project planning, and ally vice president. He will continue h the organization as a consultant on cial projects. He is the husband of rriet Linen Goodbody, sister of James Linen, president of Time, Inc.

Mr. Goodbody, a lay reader, served as vestryman of Bruton Parish Church, lliamsburg. He has been active in ny affairs of the diocese and of the al community.

MMUNICATIONS

ampus Opportunity

The Rev. Malcolm Boyd, in a filmed esentation, set forth some of his ideas evangelism, particularly as it is carried among college students, on a national evision show on May 24th.

Fr. Boyd's appearance was on NBC's ave Garroway's "Today Show." In his scourse, Fr. Boyd expressed the opinion at "the campus . . . is a missionary portunity, just as much as Africa and sia can be." He went on to say that missionary has to adapt himself to the ld in which he works."

The priest, who is chaplain to Episco-1 students at Colorado State University, s been the object of criticism for his troduction of "Espresso nights" at the hiversity, and for his counseling sessions taverns [L.C., April 23d].

BRIEFS

THE LITURGY IN HAARLEM: Main theme of an international Old Catholic congress, scheduled to be held in Haarlem, Holland, September 20th to 24th, will be the liturgy. Anglicans interested in the Old Catholic Church are invited, and should write to G. Bollebakker, Populierstraat 5, Haarlem, Holland, or Pfarrer H. Frei, Int. Alt.-Katholiken-Kongresse, Rheinfelden, Switzerland.

 ∇

LONG-STANDING TRADITION GONE: The traditional miles-long receiving line for the Presiding Bishop will be replaced at the 1961 General Convention by an evening of music at the Ford auditorium in Detroit.

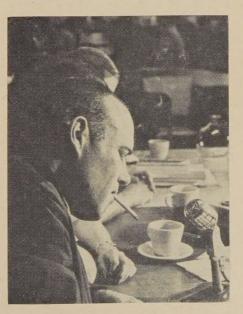
 ∇

BURN BOTH ENDS? The diocese of Easton's Eastern Shore Churchman, conducting an inquiry on what to do with the stubs of altar candles, got only two practical suggestions from its readers: shipments of old clothes to Church World Service can include candle stubs, which are eventually sold in quantity to a manufacturer of crayons; and stubs can be melted down and fashioned into fancy, holiday type candles.

 ∇

BEYOND PILTDOWN: Trading stamps collected by Churchpeople made possible the acquisition of a new car for Bishop Sterling of Montana. The bishop's previous machine, a venerable vehicle known familiarly as "the Piltdown Six," has been the butt of intramural jokes for some time.

Coming Next Week:
PARISH ADMINISTRATION NUMBER



Fr. Boyd before the cameras: A missionary opportunity.



Rev. Mr. Burroughs: "Dean" of college workers.

COLLEGE WORK

Early Worker

The Rev. Le Roy S. Burroughs, known familiarly as the "dean of college workers," will retire on July 1st. The Rev. Mr. Burroughs is rector of St. John's-by-the-Campus Church in Ames, Iowa, and pastor of the Episcopal students at Iowa State University. He was one of the first Episcopal priests in the field of college work, having become the students' pastor in 1925

He was born in Milwaukee in 1893, the son of a priest. He was graduated from the University of Wisconsin in 1916, studied at Nashotah House, and was ordained to the priesthood in 1919. In that year he became rector of St. John's Church, and has been rector of the parish ever since.

During the pastorate of the Rev. Mr. Burroughs, several of the young men to whom he ministered have been ordained to the priesthood.

CALIFORNIA

Following the Lead

Bishop Pike of California has appointed Mark L. Gerstle, III, to be his executive assistant. Mr. Gerstle, who is serving as confidential secretary to the mayor of San Francisco, will succeed the Rev. Canon Richard E. Byfield in the Church post. Canon Byfield recently resigned to return to a parochial ministry [L.C., May 21st].

In announcing the appointment, the California bishop said that Mr. Gerstle would assume his new duties "at a date convenient to the mayor."

"I am gratified," said the bishop, "that a Churchman of Mr. Gerstle's caliber and experience has accepted this important post in the diocese, and I am glad, too, that I am able to follow the lead of the Presiding Bishop of our Church in appointing a layman to this post, since it well symbolizes the ministry of the laity alongside that of the clergy in the life of the Church." Bishop Pike was referring to the appointment by the Most Rev. Arthur Lichtenberger of Warren H. Turner as his executive assistant.

Mr. Gerstle, a native San Franciscan, is the son of the chief psychiatrist of the California Youth Authority. The new appointee is a vestryman and a lay reader at the Church of the Incarnation, San Francisco, and is a director of San Rafael Military Academy and of Henry Ohlaff House, an Episcopal rehabilitation center. He is also chairman of the diocese's department of promotion.

MICHIGAN

Medical Gifts to Missions

The office equipment and all medical instruments of the late Roger Walker, M.D., former vestryman of the Cathedral of St. Paul, Detroit, have been donated to the World Medical Relief organization by his widow, Helen Walker, as a memorial to her husband.

Mrs. Lester Auberlin, founder of World Medical Relief, said that the gift would go to an Episcopal medical mission. "A bronze plate — a memorial to Dr. Walker — will accompany [the] shipment," she said.

The purpose of the relief organization, which was started seven years ago, is to supply Christian missions everywhere — at home and abroad — with free medical equipment and drugs. Mrs. Auberlin points out that many Episcopalians do volunteer work at the center, which is in Detroit, and a number of Episcopal groups pay freight charges on shipments to Episcopal missions.

St. Matthew's Church, Detroit, has been helping in this way for over three years. Until this year, they paid shipping charges so that the Rev. Joseph Smythe, M.D., a priest of the Holy Cross mission in Liberia, could receive medicines. Fr. Smythe wrote that his clinic was so well supplied that some other missionary should benefit, and St. Matthew's people are now paying freight for supplies to Sister Joan Margaret, in Haiti.

A group of volunteers from Christ Church, Dearborn, Mich., with others, are currently preparing a shipment for the Rev. Edward Longid of St. Mary's mission at Sagada, in the Philippines. A shipment was recently sent to the Rev. Richard Johns, in Nicaragua.

World Medical Relief has just outfitted a clinic for Mariners' Inn, the diocese of Michigan's "home for homeless men." In addition, freight charges on X-ray equipment shipped recently to an Episcopal mission in South Carolina was paid for by a group at the cathedral of St. Paul, in Detroit.

MISSOURI

On Burial Practices

An inquiry into the attitudes of Churchpeople toward burial practices is under way in Missouri.

The inquiry is being conducted jointly by the diocese of Missouri and the St. Louis presbytery of the United Presbyterian Church in the USA. Congregations of two Episcopal churches, two United Presbyterian churches, and two parishes of the Presbyterian Church in the US filled out questionnaires in the subject.

Sample questions in the questionnaire marked, "for clergy only," are:

"Approximately how many of your 'faith-ful departed' are buried with a service in the church building? In your opinion, how serious is the issue of keeping the casket open during the service? What effect do you think the viewing of the body while 'laid out' usually has on family and friends? What do you think about the present range of funeral costs? When asked to conduct a funeral service for a 'lapsed' Christian, what do you think you should do?"

In the questionnaire for the laity, sample questions are:

"Do you want the casket to remain open



COVER

Bishop Emrich of Michigan dedicated Camp Holiday, new Girls' Friendly Society camp at Ortonville, Mich., on May 13th. The camp will feature modern plumbing and kitchen facilities, a trained staff, and inside as well as outside recreational areas. Younger girls will be quartered in cabins, while older ones will sojourn in tents. The accent of the camp will be on learning to live together, rather than on games.

during the service? What type of casket d you prefer? Do you prefer hermetical sealed casket for complete protection? Ho do you prefer that friends betoken the memory of you?"

The results of the inquiry are bein studied by the two Churches who under took the project.

WEST MISSOURI

Soft Cushions?

"Are we justified in spending so large a proportion of our money . . . in our diocese and the USA . . . when there are so many areas of the world in which we could use money and manpower to preach the Gospel?" asked Bishop Welles of West Missouri in his address to the diocesar convention in Sedalia, Mo. He went on to say: "I ask myself if we are justified in raising money in our congregations for a red carpet or a marble altar or soft cushions . . . or air conditioning . when there are so many communities in the world that do not have even the simplest kind of a church and altar."

The convention, which met on May 8th and 9th, adopted a mission budget of \$190,000 and a diocesan budget of \$43,000. The delegates passed a resolution opposing federal aid to private schools.

A motion to perfect the action of last year's convention by which the diocessought to become an owning diocese of the University of the South was defeated after long debate. As a result, the diocess of West Missouri will discontinue its attempts to become an owning diocese of the university.

Bishop Harte, Suffragan of Dallas, was the speaker at the convention banquet, and the Rt. Rev. Roland Koh, Assistanta Bishop of Singapore and Malaya, was the guest preacher at the convention Evensong.

ELECTIONS. Standing committee: clergy, J. D. McCallum, E. B. Jewell, C. E. B. Nobes, D. C. Patrick; laity, Gilbert Miller, Albert Hillix, G. A. Clay, M. B. Kirby. Executive council: clergy, E. O. Smith, D. R. Woodward, V. C. Rooo; laity, Phill Lyon, R. S. Brigham, Marion Cox.

IOWA

Ten Percent

A \$790,500 capital funds drive designed to meet challenges and opportunities facing the Episcopal Church in Iowa was approved by delegates to the convention of the diocese of Iowa, meeting in Cedar Rapids, Iowa, on May 9th and 10th

The approval was given after Bishop Smith of Iowa spoke of the progress in the diocese during the past 10 years and outlined the needs of the diocese in the years ahead.

Of the total, \$150,000 would be for the purchase of new mission sites; \$300,000 would be for a revolving loan fund;

Continued on page 20

Parochial Missions— a Strategy

by the Rev. Fredrick A. Barnhill

Rector of St. Paul's-in-the-Desert, Palm Springs, Calif.

he rector of St. James' Church in Bigtown relaxed hurriedly while he sorted through the mail accumud on his desk. He was already tired in his morning's work, but there was relief in sight. He would make a few one calls, bolt his lunch and be off for afternoon and evening of calling in his shrooming parish.

en years ago there was time for more durely work, study, prayer, his daily ces, the daily celebration of the Eurist. Often he had lunch at home and asionally spent a quiet evening with family. There was the weekly round golf and adequate time for sermon paration and writing. This of course, when St. James' was a parish of 400. body then could have anticipated that town would more than double its poption in 10 years, and that St. James' ple would move off in droves, to the urbs, enlarging the parish to miles in ad of blocks.

When he had presented the 500th mber for Confirmation, his vestry had proved his request for a curate. But was not an unmixed blessing. The ate helped so much that within five ers they had together added the second communicants. (It had taken 35 rs to get the first 500!) Now the veswasn't so accommodating, and he had director of religious education, but additional priestly help. The DRE, expert, really started things booming, I soon gave St. James' the leading urch school in the convocation and rted a parish day school within two ars. The communicant strength of St. nes' was now 1300 and still mounting. e only answer, he knew, was a paroal mission — he could sell his vestry that for sure!

The rector refused to give up his curate

to start the mission, so a brand new man was brought into the picture.

Five years later the new man had really gotten his mission rolling! Most of the 200 communicants were new Episcopalians. Many St. James' people lived in the vicinity of the new mission, but few of them had actually transferred. During the first couple of months, when the mission met in the American Legion Hall, quite a few St. James' people attended, but when the building program started, they ran back home. Besides, they didn't like the vicar's Churchmanship!

St. James' now has 1500 communicants. There is a second curate and a business manager. The rector resigned two years ago to take a smaller parish upstate. When he left, 50 persons transferred to the new mission. Everyone was justifiably proud of the Episcopal advance in Bigtown.

II

The rector of St. Paul's in Boomtown sat with his vestry. "Gentlemen," he said, "I have been your rector for 10 years. These have been busy, rewarding years. You have given me a strong staff, a splendid curate and an experienced DRE. Our Church school is flourishing, our parish day school, now two years old, has brought many young families into our membership. Our communicant strength has grown from 400 to 1300, and we're still growing.

"Because our people are scattered over a wide area of the city and suburbs, many of them are forced to travel miles each week to church and school. The city fathers tell me that we haven't seen anything yet, and so I propose a parochial mission in Boomtown Heights. The men's

Continued on page 17



St. Paul's method can be used in Boomtown.

The mission got
a good start;
the parish found
lay leadership.

What Does

the New Archbishop

Face?

by the Rev. Dewi Morgan

What does the Archbishop of Canterbury face? The answer to that question is important, to each of us. For what Dr. Arthur Michael Ramsey faces is what we all face.

As the hundredth Archbishop of Canterbury he may see things from an angle given to few people and carry obligations not given to many of us. But his Christian commitment is no different in essence from our Christian commitment. And the context in which he has to work — the

Frederick Putnam



Dr. Ramsey: He faces new life and old shackles.

world, the Ecumenical Movement, the Anglican Communion — is our context.

How does he find things as he comes to St. Augustine's Chair?

"Lively, alert in imagination, action and enthusiasm, with a breath of inspiration from the Holy Spirit, the Church of England has had its periods of ferocious life, its periods of sleepiness and presumptuous power and ease," said Dr. Geoffrey Fisher in his farewell sermon in Canterbury Cathedral. "But may we not say — I certainly say it — that in this period it is both alive and lively, adjusting its endeavors to the needs of today, laying aside introversion and care for its own self-concern in order to think far more of how faithfully to minister the Gospel to this restless generation."

In other words, Dr. Fisher thinks the Church of England is not in such bad shape.

In regard to the spiritual life of the Church of England, to attempt to apply some comparative measuring rod is folly. Yet, were it possible, the results would surely be favorable when set against many periods of English history. The life of worship in the Church of England appears to be more virile, more the concern of both the expert and the common man than it has been for a long time. Easter communicants may not have risen dramatically, but if figures were available for the total number of acts of Communion in a year there would certainly be a major increase over past years.

Then again the 20th century has shown a remarkable increase in the religious life

in the Church of England. This is not merely something numerical. There as certainly many more professed men and women in the English Church than there were. But still more striking is the quality of their work and the increasing esteem in which the ordinary man hold them. The monasteries and convents and now accepted as powerhouses of the Church of England.

England cannot afford to be complacent about its spiritual life. But despir corruption, filth, and vice in England, undue pessimism about its inner life woulbe out of place. The immense sale oppular books of prayer and the New English Bible (not all to Anglicans, occurse) can be adduced as supporting evidence.

As to the intellectual life of the Churc of England, there was a time wheher theologians were held to be "stupe mundi." Perhaps non-Anglicans did reshare that opinion. Even Anglicans would feel it a bit fulsome nowadays. Yet all sides one can find justification for Diffisher's saying that the Church of England "is actively engaged in thinking ou afresh its theology."

The English bench is littered with bish ops who have made their mark as the logians. And the Church of England ha many theologians who have insisted "Nolo episcopari."²

The tale doesn't end there, for, there is not a little evidence of theology break ing out of its academic fastnesses an finding expression in the life of the Peor! of God. The astonishing phenomenon of "high" and "low" meeting in love is ro due to any diminution of conviction but to a new assessment of priorities. "Time Committee believe," said the last Lam beth Conference Report, "that the time has come to claim that controversies about the Eucharistic Sacrifice can be last aside and the tensions surrounding the doctrine transcended." It would be strange if there were not at least some critics of such a statement. They have barely been

Dr. Ramsey faces a Church of England which is not asleep theologically. And his towering mastery of the subject will find a congenial climate.

As to outward activities, here, perhaps is the hardest point of all on which to assess a Church which permits — encour ages — above all freedom of enterprise

In the Church of England any one, any group, can at any time start almost any organization. Maybe it is a missionary society or a prisoners' aid organization, a group concerned to advance education or rescue fallen women, to promote the interior life through retreats or to evangelize by maintaining a soapbox at Hyde Park Corner — anything.

That's fine — until you come to try to assess the strength and progress of such a

[&]quot;Wonder of the world."

^{2&}quot;I don't want to be a bishop."

thora. It is impossible. Yet there are an statements to be made. In the first ce there is no sign whatsoever of this differation of societies abating. New 28 are born almost daily, though few ople would care to act as life insurance okers to all of them.

And the old ones? Some of them have ived their purpose in a bygone age and gracefully. Others have a new surge exuberant life.

Nowhere is this more marked than in missionary societies. The Society for Propagation of the Gospel, for exple, has doubled its income in the last years and carries responsibilities in notes than 50 dioceses engirdling the world, the first 18 months of its new policy a Budget of Opportunity added to a minuing Budget of Commitment it sent less than £250,000 extra money overses.

The missionary societies are the cutting ge of the Church in the world. They so serve as a weather vane of the turch at home. And that weather vane dicates an increasing wind that is the ind of the Spirit.

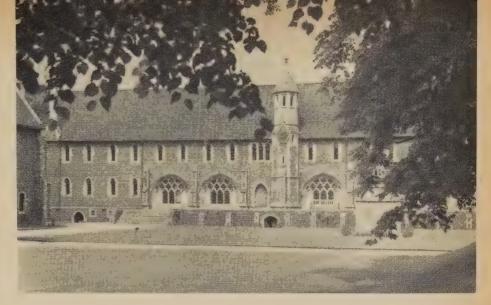
The Church of England has new finanal buoyancy. Due to borrowed techques from sister Churches — not least at in the USA — stewardship campaigns we swept England like a forest fire and oved that conversion — real conversion — via the checkbook is perfectly basible.

Dr. Ramsey faces a Church with many gas of new life, but also a Church with any old shackles.

The Church of England existed before e Kingdom of England. As a result they we both had so many centuries in which get themselves interlocked that no one nows quite where to begin disentangling, at he would be foolish who would disount the desire for disestablishment on e part of many Churchpeople. And r. Ramsey is not foolish.

"The Church must live its own life," said in his first broadcast after the anterbury appointment was announced, and it must have some authority over le ordering of its own affairs, particurly over its worship, and we shall prestily be asking the state for a greater egree of autonomy to manage our own fairs. I have no doubt that we shall it it and use it wisely."

The heartening tide of liturgical life and interest in England is going to be one of the factors in that. So is the pastoral elements are upon which new demands are onstantly being made. There are many gns of a move from the theoretical gidity of this parish system — guild nurches in London, grouped parishes in iral areas, and so on — and one effect ill be more flexibility of manpower for ew forms of work. Closely allied is the hole machinery of ecclesiastical appointments. It is possible to believe that in the large majority of cases England is get-



St. Augustine's College: A new thread of consciousness.

ting the best man put in the best place, but it is not always seen to be so. Tied up, too, are such things as canon law and the "state duties" of clergy, marrying, burying, etc.

These constitute a whole morass of problems the solutions to which are obvious only to those barely acquainted with half the facts. But Dr. Ramsey could well be the man who faces them and, in doing so, produces a different image of the Church of England.

This article thus far is victim of precisely the temptation which must face any Archbishop of Canterbury, the temptation to introversion. When the Church of England gets in a Narcissus mood and gazes soulfully in upon itself it will no longer be the Church of England God wants.

Like its Incarnate Lord, the Church must remain incarnate in the given situation of today. "When your Advocate comes, he will confute the world and show where wrong and right and judgment lie," says the New English Bible (John 16:8). The Church has to pronounce judgment upon the world and, in England, the Archbishop of Canterbury must remain its chief spokesman. But the world is a very diverse place with a variety of facets. What about foreign policy and its morality? What about strip shows and homosexuality? What about new forms of gambling or licensed liquor hours? What about fiscal legislation or industrial disputes? All these things are the concern of the Church.

Dr. Ramsey comes to face them at a time when men's minds are bewildered through an excess of sensational discoveries and when their paths are lost through the disappearance of old landmarks.

One thing can be firmly said. As one called to a hair-balance situation in a time of revolution, Dr. Ramsey certainly needs, and desires, our prayers. But he

will also be sustained in such a task by his knowledge that the Church of England no longer stands alone and no longer has to appear to be the grown-up member of her family. The Anglican Communion is adult and no one will welcome that fact more than Dr. Ramsey.

Two Lambeth Conferences have happened since Dr. Fisher went to Canterbury and they have both, in their own ways, been watersheds.

There are now many signs that the Anglican Communion is becoming conscious of itself so that thereby it may become more conscious of the particular vocation God lays upon it.

It's hard to believe that only three years ago no one had heard of an Anglican Executive Officer and not for many months after that did anyone start connecting the name Bayne with the office. Yet this Rt. Rev. Marco Polo has already laid upon his work a stamp which is surely of God.

Bishop Bayne is a new factor in the Anglican Communion and as Dr. Ramsey faces his duties he must be thanking God for him.

Then there is St. Augustine's College at Canterbury. The 1948 Conference gave it its conception; the 1958 one patted the baby on the head. St. Augustine's grows in stature daily. Again the Anglican Communion is finding a new thread of consciousness, a new strengthening for its task. And now St. Augustine's has the beginnings of a new brother in the work that the Rev. F. V. A. Boyse is beginning in Jerusalem [L.C., April 30th].

Nor can we omit Anglican World as a bit of the mosaic. For the first time the Anglican Communion has a periodical which sets out to help a mass audience acquire an international consciousness. "Helping Anglicans to get to know Anglicans" is one of the planks of its platform.

But Anglicanism can never begin to

Continued on page 18

Report of the Joint Commission of Church Music

"The music used in the service of Holy Communion is part of the dialogue" between the priest and the choir and congregation, says the Joint Commission of Church Music in its report to General Convention. The Commission suggests that a basic music curriculum be drafted for use in the Church's seminaries.

Members of the Joint Commission include Bishop De Wolfe of Long Island, chairman, Bishop Scaife of Western New York, the Rev. John W. Norris, the Rev. Emmett P. Paige, the Rev. William B. Schmidgall, the Rev. F. Bland Tucker, Paul Allen Beymer, Ray Francis Brown, Vernon de Tar, Edward B. Gammons, Leo Sowerby, and Alex Wyton. The Commission recommends that the General Convention accept its report, continue the Joint Commission, and appropriate \$2,500 for the work of the Commission over the next triennium.



usic has but one function, to enhance the worship of the Church through the beauty of sound, by the reinforcement of the words of the services and the words of the Psalter, the hymns and anthems. . . . The standards of material and performance must be as high as those standards which are established for secular music and therefore . . . it must ever be recognized as an offering to God which must be the best of which man is capable. This is the philosophy of church music to which we hold.

Three chronic "ills" have assailed the music of the Church throughout the centuries. These are sentimentalism, theatricalism, and virtuosity. The Church must ever be alert to prevent these from developing either through weak and effeminate melodies and/or harmonizations, overdramatic interpretations, or compositions which can only be produced by virtuosi soloists or choral groups.

The first, "sentimentalism," may move us emotionally but fail to have any effect on the will. The second may be highly entertaining but lacking [in] Godward direction. The third would rob the congregation of all participation, producing either a "show" or a duet between the priest and the choir.

Only as music serves to direct the worshipper to God, either by an enhancement of words or by the establishment of a mood or atmosphere for the service, can it fulfill its proper function as the handmaid of religion. . . .

Congregational Participation

During the past twenty years there has been a marked increase in congregational participation in the services of the Church. This has been in a large measure due to the Liturgical Movement which has stressed the importance of this aspect of a service of worship of Almighty God. The stress has been on the *whole* Christian family in church uniting in the praise and worship of its Creator. . . .

This corporate activity has been strengthened in many ways through the activity of church musicians and a deepening understanding of church music. The hymnal revision of 1937-40 brought into use a book with music within the range of most singers; it also produced four settings of the ordinary of the Holy Communion for use in churches of various degrees of musical skill. Its recognition of plainsong as universal music and not that which bore the stamp of a "particular" Christian body added a new opportunity for congregational music. Chanting came to be recognized as "speaking on a musical tone or tones". . . . The employment of hymns as anthems by choirs not prepared to sing more elaborate settings has supplied a long felt need and helped greatly to eliminate much of the "easy" but cheap trash which formerly was to be found in every choir library....

The great value of congregational participation lies in the fact that worship becomes what it should be — a corporate act in which the whole family of the church united together offer their hearts and minds and bodies to God to be "a reasonable, holy, and living sacrifice."

Music and Worship

The music performed in the church must always be considered as secondary to liturgy; it does not exist for itself alone, nor must it draw undue attention to itself. It must be judged from the standpoint of its fitness to accompany the liturgy. That in itself indicates a very high standard, for nothing but the best can be offered to God in His house.

It must be recognized that all music used in divine worship must pass the rigid tests of musical excellence. . . .

On the other hand, the music heard in church must differ from the type that is heard in other places. . . . Music which has a secular origin or connection should not be permitted entry, except in the few instances where the origins are so ancient or obscure that they have long since beer forgotten. . . . One must also remember that the music does not automatically become sacred just because it is set to a sacred text.

What, essentially, makes a piece of music churchly? First of all, there should be evidence of very great care in the setting of the words. The supreme model is Gregorian chant in which the text is set to unmetrical music which flows evenly and smoothly. If a setting does not enhance the text and make its message even more telling the primary purpose of the music has not been served. It is quite obvious that if the lilt or thump of meter in the music is obstrusive one is more apt to associate it with the dance than with the Church.

Secondly, the music will have the dignity, and yet the warmth, that has characterized the greatest music written for the Church throughout the ages. . . . In short, it must carry the conviction that it is addressed to God, as praise, adoration, for prayer.

Music of all periods, if it conform to these high standards, has its place in the Church. . . . Until fairly recent times the bulk of it which did not meet the strictest standards of excellence has disappeared into oblivion. It is in regard to the music of the nineteenth and twentieth centuries that we must exercise careful selectivity for much that has been found unworthy has gained a foothold, and it is difficult for many reasons to root it out.

In regard to our own time, it is im portant to realize that the composer of today has the right — nay, the obligation — to be heard in the idiom of today. The thing to remember here is that the really good work cannot always be immediately distinguished from the inferior imitations. Time puts this matter to rights; history teaches us that the true is eventually but invariably recognized — and so is the counterfeit. It is important to consider that music which is sanctimonious or merely "respectable" can never be thought of as meeting the standards of the music . . . fitting to present to the Almighty.

There have been periods in the history of music when composers wrote music for the Church which was of precisely the same style and character as the secular music of the time. . . . To allow or encourage its use in church simply hinders the appreciation of the true standards of music for the Church. . . . Those who have the responsibility for choosing the music to be used in the church are derelict in their duty if they make the attractiveness of the music to the worshipers the principal criterion; the congregation does not — or should not — come to the church to be entertained. Essentially, the

Continued on page 18

Improving Canon 36

The report of the Joint Commission on Approaches to Unity, summarized in this week's news columns page 6], is, in our opinion, one of the finest the Comnission has produced. In future issues we shall go into letail about its comments and recommendations, which seem to us to make important progress not only in specific unity proposals but in level-headed thinking about the whole subject.

At this moment, however, we shall confine our renarks to the Commission's recommendations regarding Canon 36.

This is the much-discussed canon which provides for the ordination of deacons and priests in special cases. Originally intended to implement a concordat with the Congregationalist Church, it remained on the Church's statute books after the concordat itself failed, and has occasionally been used in situations where it could only be harmful to the long-range pursuit of Christian unity.

For example, a retired Methodist minister was ordained under Canon 36. He still had several years to go before the compulsory retirement date for priests of



the Episcopal Church, and by undertaking a "dual ministry" as provided in the canon, he retained eligibility for a Methodist pension while serving in the ministry of the Episcopal Church!

After a more widely publicized ordination to the priesthood of a Protestant college chaplain, the Evangelical and Reformed Church officially urged its ministers not to accept offers of ordination from bishops of the Episcopal Church if they intended to continue to exercise their ministry in the Evangelical and Reformed Church.

The canon, with amendments made over the years, contained three bad features. First, it permitted the ordination of priests who were not in any way com-

mitted to the doctrine, discipline, and worship of the Episcopal Church. Second, it permitted dual ministries, in which, without any prior agreement between the governing bodies of two Churches, individuals could claim to be official pastors and teachers of both. Third, at one stroke it wiped out all the educational and health requirements for the ministry which were so painstakingly spelled out in other parts of the canons and removed the brakes exercised by examining chaplains and standing committees on the bishops' powers of ordination.

The revised canons proposed by the Commission on Approaches to Unity remove most of the objectionable features of the present canon. The new version in its section dealing with non-episcopally ordained ministers confines itself to one purpose — the permission to include in the ordination service and in the letters of ordination a declaration that the ordinand "has already been ordained a minister of Christ" and that what is now being conferred is "the grace and authority of Holy Orders as this Church has received them and requires them for the exercise of the ministry therein."

In our opinion, it is entirely proper to recognize in this manner the reality of the previous ministry of the man so being ordained. Unlike the old Canon 36, the new one stipulates that he accept the "doctrine, discipline, and worship of this Church" and that he is to "exercise the ministry of this Church." The fulfillment of educational requirements contained in other canons is made one of the conditions of the ordination.

The proposed Canon 36-B (which, of course, will be properly renumbered by the Committee on Canons in due course) has to do with deacons and priests ordained by a bishop whose authority to convey such orders is "open to question by this Church." It provides a form of conditional ordination in such cases, and specifically upholds the authority of standing committees and the canonical examiners.

In the revised canons, the oath of conformity is not directly mentioned, but since the Constitution requires it of all ordinands who are to serve in the ministry of this Church, it clearly applies to all cases.

If adopted, the new Canon 36 will mark the end of a bold idea proposed many years ago in the "Muhlenberg memorial" — that the bishops be allowed to ordain deacons and priests outside the formal structure of the Church in order to reach people who were not being reached by normal parish ministrations or the Book of Common Prayer. This memorial was what led to the "Chicago Quadrilateral," which in turn became the "Lambeth Quadrilateral," Anglicanism's famous four-point program for discussion of unity with other Christian bodies.

As the years have gone by, it has become evident that the basis for unity is not a narrow pipeline of "validity" in orders and Sacraments, but the whole broad warp and woof of Church life. The guerrilla tactics envisioned by the Muhlenberg memorial have been replaced by serious conversations between Churches. This is a much more acceptable approach to members of other Churches. We hope that General Convention will follow the advice of its Commission on Approaches to Unity and adopt the revised canons it proposes.

A Provinec Is Born

by the Rt. Rev. Stephen F. Bayne, Jr.

Executive Officer of the Anglican Communion

The Church of the Province of Uganda and Ruanda-Urundi was born Sunday morning, April 16th. At least that was the day it began its official career as the 18th independent Anglican Church. It was launched with the prayers of the Archbishop of Canterbury, who formally relinquished his direct responsibility and jurisdiction to the new Archbishop, and of the bishops and clergy and faithful laity of the eight dioceses in the new Province.

This 18th member of the brotherhood of the Anglican Communion includes nearly 1,500,000 Christians in the Protectorate of Uganda, that rich, green, high country at the head waters of the Nile. A century ago, Christianity was unknown there — unknown save perhaps through the hostile mind of the slaver, plying his dreadful trade in the gloom of the forest or across the baking open country. Some 80 years ago the first Anglican bishop of the area was martyred. Indeed, the whole early history of the Church in Uganda was nourished and lighted by the dark flame of martyrdom, for the Christian inherited the shame of the slaver; far more, he stood, as he must always stand, for an immeasurable threat to an existing way of life. The price of both inheritance and threat was a great one.

But it was a deep and joyful experience to be a spectator at so climactic an event in the life of the Church. For one thing, it meant that every diocese of our Church in Africa, except one, was now included in a self-governing, indigenous Church. (The one exception, of course, is Liberia—still a part of the American Church.) For another thing, it was the fifth and final time for Archbishop Fisher to officiate at such an occasion.

How deeply he will be remembered for the tireless way in which he has worked to lead missionary dioceses into the mature and responsible freedom of which provincial status speaks! I could not help comparing, somewhat ruefully, the birth of the Province of Uganda with that of my own American Church! Things were not done quite as simply or as cordially in 1776 and thereabouts. There were tea parties on both occasions, but of a somewhat different character, as I remember. There was no Archbishop of Canterbury present when the Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States of America came into existence. In point of fact,

Archbishop Fisher's predecessor had some difficulty in quite placing what had happened, and the routines were by no means as well rehearsed in the 18th century as they are now.

But what happened was the same, in sober truth. In both cases, the devotion of pioneer missionaries had led to the establishment of the Church. The seed had been planted, and nourished by the love and faithfulness and imagination of countless people. And, in God's good time, what had been a very frail seedling found its maturity and its strength.

Three pairs of thoughts keep recurring to me about these Provinces. One has to do with the phrase we use, so often, about them: "younger Churches." So they are. The history of the Church in Uganda covers barely three generations of Christians, and like any other of the newer Provinces, traditions and institutions and resources all are at the barest minimum. One keeps reaching for things which are not there, habits of mind and customs and inherited attitudes as well as buildings and money and staff.

Young indeed these Provinces are, and lacking in much of the self-reliance and resourcefulness which only time can bring them. But it must also be said that Christianity is never particularly old or young. In the most important respects, Christianity is never more than one soul deep.

Wherever the Church is — whether in a parish church 1500 years old, or the soul of a first generation African convert — the Church is the same. Old cultures have something to say to young cultures, and vice versa, but the voice of the Church within those cultures is as fresh and true one side as the other. This is a counsel to all of us who are members of "older Churches," to take "younger Churches" a good bit more seriously than we sometimes do.

My second reflection has to do with the nature of a Province itself. It is settled and universal Anglican policy, in the founding of missionary dioceses, that as soon as possible those dioceses be included in regional and national Churches— Churches completely self-governing, completely indigenous, developing within their own cultures in responsible freedom. As early as the second Lambeth Conference in 1878, this principle was accepted as the agreed and settled policy.

Indeed it would be hard to imagine

any other policy within the Christia Church. Yet with this profound agreement, there arises also a question. would be so easy to feel that the job wadone when a new Province was created to dust off our hands, spiritually, and turn to some other interest. The truth is than the every problem is solved when a new Province is founded.

It is completely right that the Church should become autonomous, and rooted in its own soil. But this by no mean carries with it the assurance that the new Church has all it will ever need to obe Christ's mission fully and effectively. do not know any Province of the Anglic can Communion which is complete unto itself, and has nothing to receive from others, to say nothing of what it has to give.

These new Provinces still have every need for strength and encouragement and counsel and brotherhood. So have the older Provinces. I can speak of my own American Church, for it is my own from birth. The American Church is the old est Anglican Province outside the British Isles; it has been rooted in American life ever since there was any American life! since 1607; it has grown up with its nate tion and shares in all the vigor and resources of its nation. But it would be a very shallow and empty-headed Episcop lian who did not know how much the American Church has to learn and gair from its sister Provinces, in theological education, in the rediscovery of missio in the purification of our own inner life. in the wisdom and encouragement of our brethren.

I would be bold to say that precisely these same things are true of every Ar glican Province. A Province is simply not an end in itself. Just as a diocese, although it is the basic unit of the Church, cannot find its own fulfillment except within the brotherhood of a Province, just so do Provinces look beyond themselves for an ever-wider household within which their life can be perfected. Let us not fall into the trap of feeling that every objective of missionary work has been accomplished when a new Province is born. What has changed may be no more than the terms of the mission. A new maturity, a new responsible brotherliness, a new Churchto-Church relationship has been established. But the obligation of the unity of the Church remains.

Finally, what of the part these new Provinces play in the unity of the Anglican family? Here again I have two somewhat oblique thoughts. The Anglican Communion, in our classic definition, is a "Fellowship within the One, Holy, Catholic, and Apostolic Church, of those duly constituted dioceses, Provinces, or regional Churches in communion with the See of Canterbury." When a new Province is created, one more free brother is added to this company. And it is hard for us, as we rejoice in this, not to feel a

easure of pride that our family is growg larger and the list longer and the aturity and national rootedness of Anicanism deeper.

Gratitude is something we have a perct right to, in such a case. But pride is two-edged sword. For what we really ay be saying is not that we rejoice in e fact that the Church has become anted deeply and securely in the soil a nation, but rather that we rejoice at the imperium of the Anglican Comunion has been extended. And when e let ourselves get in the mood of pride what looks like an enhancement of imrial power or prestige, then we need to member that it is the Church of Jesus hrist that we are talking about, and not club or an ecclesiastical empire.

The fact that our mission is to all independent regional and national hurches as swiftly as we can means also at we must expect and welcome every posequence of that independence — ost of all, the involvement of the new hurch in the life of the Christian comunity as a whole. Side by side with the tablishment of a new Province comes to inescapable challenge of the ecumenal encounter.

We have been hearing much, lately, bout the "disappearance of the Anglican ommunion." Where this means a fuller nd deeper unity within the Church of hrist, no one can question this disapearance. This is part of our vocation, to ork and pray tirelessly for the day when e can add our gifts and strengths to the ommon life of the whole Body of Christ. nd nowhere is the pressure toward this beeper unity more strong and insistent an in the areas of the new Provinces.

Therefore with every thanksgiving for le launching of a new Church there must so, and equally, come a sober expectncy that this new Church must face the nplications of its own independent life. he mission of the Church leads to reponsible freedom; but responsible freeom inescapably leads to a new and deepconfrontation of the ecumenical issues. Our salvation here is to remember that is with the Church of Christ that we re dealing, not with a possession of our wn. If it is our privilege to be used by hrist in His mission, and so to pave the ay toward the enlargement of His hurch, we must be content to let the hurch be His, obedient to His mission f unity as well as to His mission within ur own Anglican household. I do not eed to say how much the unity of the inglican family means to me, or how eeply I share every right and good hope or its increasing strength and widening nity everywhere in the world. All I am lying is that we all need to remember, s I need very much to remember, that is the one, holy, Catholic, and aposolic Church of which we are thinking, 1 all our proper rejoicing when a

STRATEGY

Continued from page 11

club has made a careful survey, and has discovered that we have over 50 families and many other interested persons in the area. Admittedly, a good many of these families are substantial people; several of you men live there yourselves. Of course we will lose some valuable people, but they will give the new mission real strength from the start.

"I have received the bishop's permission to start this new mission myself. I will tender my resignation to you tonight, and announce it to the parish on Sunday. I think you will have little difficulty in filling my place — actually there are men all over the country who look at this parish as a real plum, and your real problem will be to decide between a number of good men — and I wouldn't eliminate our curate from consideration."

There followed the usual, courteous "ohs!" and "ahs!" The majority thought it wouldn't work, but the vestrymen in Boomtown Heights were certain it would! Anyway the rector was determined!

Five years later the rector of St. Timothy's Church in Boomtown Heights presented his 750th member to the bishop for Confirmation. His curate read the lesson. After the service the bishop dedicated the educational wing of the parish house. Some 25 of the confirmands had come from the parish day school, which was now housed in the new building.

At the 11:00 o'clock service the bishop confirmed 75 persons at St. Paul's downtown. The church had made strong gains under the new rector the past five years. Although the church lost 50 families to the new mission the first year, its present communicant strength is 1500. Agitation for a new mission in another booming suburb is evident, and the rector is thinking of taking it himself!

These two stories are not strictly fictitious, although they do not come from any Episcopal churches I know. However, I actually witnessed these events while I ministered in another Church. It seems to me they point up a strategy for Church extension which we might use.

Normal procedure in Church extension was followed by St. James' Church. The rector is thought to be indispensable; the curate or a brand new man starts the mission. Because he is unknown to the community or lacks experience, or both, it takes five years for real strength to develop in the new work. The larger parish continues to grow - in fact still continues to compete with the mission and eventually wears out its rector. People who ought to go to the new mission stay with the parent church out of "loyalty" to the rector or because the new vicar is "different," or because they anticipate a building program!

The strategy adopted by St. Paul's rec-

tor is more in line with the strategy of its patron saint: Bring a church to strength and then start another. The dramatic events surrounding the rector's decision to start his own mission captured the imagination of both the parent church and the community at large. Things aren't supposed to happen this way! Let's go along and see where it ends!

The rector of St. Paul's had no difficulty in taking 50 families with him. Actually he took a few more "loyal" supporters with them. It was something of a thrill to start a new mission with 175 the first Sunday — substantial people, old friends in part, eager to help the "sacrificing" rector make his new mission a success.

While the loss was felt downtown for a time, the church, because of its proven strength, had no difficulty in finding a strong man to fill the breach. Although he was unknown to the church and the community, the very strength and prominence of St. Paul's soon placed him in a position of real leadership, where his capabilities could quickly be made use of. The net result was that the Church and community kept the influence of the previous rector and gained another at the same time!

There are some interesting sidelights to this strategy. The Church that lost 50 families, gave the new mission 135 communicants its first Sunday. These, together with 40 interested neighbors, started the mission with 175 persons. The 50 families represented slightly over \$5000 in income to the parent church. These same people pledged over \$12,000 in the mission's first Every Member Canvass.

The rector received \$8500 in his original parish and \$7500 in the mission, but his wife got a brand new rectory (she planned it!) in a lovely suburb, and her husband's present salary is \$9000. The salary downtown has just reached the same figure. (Incidentally, these figures prove that my examples are not Episcopal churches.)

The downtown church found lay leadership that, before the dramatic upheaval, it scarcely knew existed. The mission imported four vestrymen to make an excellent nucleus for starting leadership. The mission has had three capital funds campaigns totaling \$275,000. The downtown church already had its buildings, but has been able to renovate them all and add many beautiful appointments, besides providing additional off-the-street parking.

We have the unfortunate genius for bringing capable men into a community, permitting them to demonstrate considerable achievement, and then allowing them to be called to other communities or retire, in either case losing to us the benefit of experience and capability. This suggested new strategy for parochial missions might keep some of them where their strength is need most!

CHURCH MUSIC

Continued from page 14

music is not addressed to the congregation, but to God.

It must be pointed out that it is not necessary that difficult music be presented in the service; music within the capacity of the organist, the choir and the congregation (when the congregation takes an active part in the service) should always be selected. The music performed by a choir in a metropolitan church will certainly not be the same as that done in a parish church in a small town or in the country, but both types of church can present music of the same excellence, each in its own sphere, if it is wisely chosen. . . .

Primary Purpose

The primary purpose of Church music is worship, and worship only. This may be an obvious truism, but it is very necessary to be borne in mind, as, being so plain, it is most easy to forget. . . .

Music in worship has a twofold aspect
— offering and edification. The offering
to God, and the edification of the faith-

It may be a comparatively easy task to select suitable music; it is far more difficult to assure its adequate rendition. How to acquire the techniques, how to keep them, and how to use them, are the constant care of the true guardian of Church music. The primary objectives should always be in the foreground of the thinking of those responsible for the music of the Church. . . .

The Hymnal

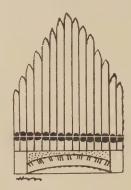
It is essential to remember that a hymn is a literary work . . . capable of being set to music. From this follows the fact that a hymnal is a book of words. This is something that too often escapes the vast majority of our laity and of which many of our choirmasters and organists seem equally ignorant. . . .

The Hymnal 1940 was in part a response to the demand of the Church for a hymnal that would meet the needs of a changing world. . . .

It... must be borne in mind that before the Hymnal 1940 had reached the Church in 1943 new hymns of varying degrees of value were being written, and that since that time we have seen vast changes in world conditions. . . No matter how fine any hymnal may be at the time of its publication there will come a day when the needs of the Church require the elimination of works which met the needs of an earlier day but which must give way to newer works that speak to man in terms with which he is familiar. . . .

To introduce a new hymn it is well if it can first be sung as an anthem (with possibly an explanation by the rector) in some such manner as this: the tenor and bass singing the first stanza in unison; the soprano and alto the second stanza, and

the third in harmony. For the final stanza the congregation could be asked to stand and join in the singing. It may then be used as a processional hymn, a recessional hymn, and as a hymn before the sermon on successive Sundays. The hymn will be well known to the congregation and will be readily sung. Congregational singing



may be encouraged by asking the choir to remain silent for a stanza or two of a familiar hymn while the congregation does the singing.

The harmonization of hymn tunes is of first importance. A good hymn tune must first of all have a good melody. . . .

If the melody must have interest, so must the other parts. The harmonization must have interest achieved by actually providing a degree of melody for all of the voices. This is not to say that the harmony must be contrapuntal, but that the inner parts must move and have interest in themselves, thus avoiding monotony for the alto, tenor and bass as well as the soprano.

In the Hymnal 1940 every effort was made to provide the best tunes available for hymns; and in several instances new tunes were proposed for "old favorites." It is probably too much to expect that the fine new tune for "O Little Town of Bethlehem" will ever have wide acceptance because "St. Louis" is so traditional with us. It is interesting to note that when the Phillips Brooks hymn is used outside the United States it is sung to a different tune. . . .

The descriptive terms used at the headings of the hymns in the Hymnal 1940... were employed in an effort to set forth what the members of the tunes committee felt to be the character of the *hymn*. To play every hymn "fast" or every hymn "slow" is to err. We urge that the words and the tune both be studied and when the relationship is understood then the rhythmic pattern of the hymn will determine the proper tempo of the tune.

"Amens" have been printed where they should be sung. "Amen" should never be used as a "period." Appropriately prayer, and praise, or hymns otherwise addressed to God should so end. Hymns addressed to the congregation, which may be hortatory in style, such as "Rise Up, O Men of God" should not conclude with the "Amen."

To be continued next week

NEW ARCHBISHOP

Continued from page 13

justify its existence nor can God has much interest in it if it is Anglicanis for its own sake. So the wider pictur comes into focus. There is the Churc of South India and the travail of Normandia and Ceylon. There is the relationship with non-Anglican Churches which have the historic episcopal succession. And there is the whole pattern of the Ecumenical Movement. In all this, surely there is a transformation no prophowould have dared suggest only a few decades ago. Today it is fact number on in all our thinking.

Dr. Fisher strolled in fellowship ami Protestant fields, he opened the door t the Vatican, he sat with the great Ortho dox Churches. He, himself, would be the first to say that he merely began the great task. But he undoubtedly left a flarepat for Dr. Ramsey and it is the further illumining of that path which Dr. Ram sey now faces. Dr. Fisher deliberately resigned his office in time to allow hi successor to get to India for the Nev Delhi Conference. Dr. Ramsey will joy fully accept the assignment. "I've alway been passionately concerned about Chris tian unity," he said in his first broadcas after his nomination as Canterbury. "Tad first book I wrote dealt with it. I've already had journeys abroad in the carof unity and I haven't the slightest double I shall be making many more journed and pilgrimages with that in view through the vears."

All these things Dr. Ramsey is going to face as a trained theologian and as one who for years taught theology. But perhaps that is not going to be the most in portant thing about him. For all these things Dr. Ramsey will also, and preeminently, face as a man of God. If one were asked to put into a sentence the task which he faces it would be, "to proclaim the glory of God to all men." For that phrase, "the glory of God," is perhaps the key phrase of his life and the one which causes his face to become radiant whenever it crosses his lips. One imagines that deep in his heart of hearts whenever any problem rests on his mind, the constant formulation of the question is: What is the relationship between this and the glory of God? And if Christians cannot find confidence in leadership thus sustained and of that caliber, then there's little hope anywhere.

Dr. Ramsey has some 20 years ahead of him at Canterbury, with probably two Lambeth Conferences, many ecumenical gatherings, great events in the state, the continuing revolution of all the affairs in which scientists have a finger, even perhaps the colonization of some distant planet.

Let us all pray that the glory of God may be acknowledged through it all. And, then, to God be the praise.

The Long Meeting

(Fiction)

by Bill Andrews

June 7, 1961. Vestry meeting last night sted four hours by the clock - and st because of the volume of work at and, not because of any very lengthy bates or straying from the agenda. ormal routines consumed an hour; bills, ans for the summer program of the hurch, committee reports, etc.

The rest of the time was spent on matrs relating to the new church building. irst, there was an analytical report on ir building fund campaign, which has ached 25% of its goal in the advance invass that was supposed to raise 50%

the money. But investigation shows at the advance canvass was grossly inimplete, and that one team which had veral key people on its list had ignored ringent injunctions and made its solicition by telephone calls. We had ex-



ected the team's seven solicitations to oduce pledges of \$9,000. In fact, they oduced \$2,300.

Apparently, where the solicitations ere made by competent people who folwed the plan, pledges ran 15% above ir expectations. With this one hopeful t of evidence before us, we all went to ork on the fund chairman, in order to the following:

(1) Convince him that he must jack his solicitors, both on simple accomishment of their solicitation and on the chniques they use;

(2) Insist that he replace those canissers who refuse to work properly;

(3) Convince him that he must not sign in disgust.

Point number 3 was the hardest, and as only accomplished when all vestryen and wardens agreed to serve as reacements on the canvass if needed.

Next we had to deal with a mildly deeatist minority in the vestry who wanted curtail the building program in expection of partial failure. This took 15 inutes of fervent discussion.

Finally, we had to make plans for the nancing of the indebtedness the new nurch will produce, even if the campaign a success.

We then turned to the most time-coniming part of the whole meeting, a reiew of the preliminary plans for the nurch. A representative of the architect sat in with us and answered our questions — most of the time satisfactorily.

However, I did win my point for a revision of the plans for the stairway to the upper floor of the parish house to make it adequate to handle the heavy traffic of children at the time of the Family Eucharist on Sunday mornings. The rector also demanded and got more room in the sanctuary, at the cost of one row of pews in the nave. And the economy party finally mustered its only majority of the night in support of a motion to eliminate the bell tower that was planned to rise from the lawn of the church.

I voted for the bell tower, and I was a little annoved at the defeat. However, as my astute wife justly asked when I complained about it, "Do you think any soul will be lost because of that?"

At least I found her question of spiritual use to me — it reminded me of the only valid reason there is for all the exercise of tact, patience, financial skill, and architectural imagination which was paraded at yesterday's vestry meeting.

THE LIVING CHURCH RELIEF FUND

Checks should be made payable to The Living Church Relief Fund and sent to the office of publication, 407 E. Michigan Street, Milwaukee 2, Wis., with notations as to the purpose for which they are intended. They are kept separate from the funds of the publisher, and the accounts are audited annually by a Certified Public Accountant.

Church in Korea

Previously acknowledged in 1961	\$30.00
Canterbury Association, Rice University,	
Houston	_\$50.00
	\$80.00

Homeless Boys in Seoul, Korea

Previously acknowledged in 1961E. A., Shelby, Ohio	
	\$163.00
Korean Lepers	
Previously acknowledged in 1961	
	\$241.00

Presiding Bishop's Fund for World Relief

Previously acknowledged in 1961	
Woman's Guild, St. Christopher's Church, Warrendale, Pa.	
	\$25.0
Cuban Refugees	

Cuban nerugees
Previously acknowledged in 1961\$36.00
C. S., Chula Vista, Calif 10.00
Lieut, R. H. 10.00
L. W., Hattiesburg, Miss. 10.00
G. M., Houston 10.00
\$76.00

BURIAL SERVICES

Compiled by Joseph Buchanin Bernardin

CONTENTS

The Order for the Burial of the Dead

At the Grave, At the Burial of the Dead at Sea, At a Reinterment, At the Disposal of the Ashes after a Cremation.

Additional Prayers

For the Departed, For Those in the Armed Forces Who Have Died, For the Bereaved, For the Congregation.

The Order for the Burial of a Child Special Burial Office for One for Whom the Prayer Book Office is Not Appropriate

A Selection of Hymns Acknowledgments Index of Hymns

Price, \$4.00

Morehouse-Barlow Co.

14 East 41st Street • New York 17 29 East Madison Street 261 Golden Gate Avenue • San Francisco 4400 Melrose Avenue • Los Angeles 29

OSBORNE



CHALICES

Send for Chalice-Ciboria book No. LC1C illustrating over 150 traditional and contemporary designs

EVERY KIND OF CHURCH SILVER & METALWORK

Send for book LC2G kindly stating likely requirements

117 GOWER STREET LONDON WC1 • ENGLAND

Use the classified columns of

The Living Church

to BUY or SELL

Used Hymnals, pews, organs, lecterns, Communion silver, Prayer Books, Church hangings, Sunday School equipment, vestments, choir music, statues, altar linens, pictures, or any other Church goods.

Minimum rate: \$2.00 an insertion. For details on rates, see page 21.

SCHOOLS

FOR GIRLS

KEMPER HALL

Church Boarding School for Girls. 91st year. Thorough college preparation and spiritual training. Unusual opportunities in Music, Dramatics and Fine Arts including Ceramics. All sports. Junior School. Beautiful lake shore campus 50 miles from Chicago. Under the direction of the Sisters of St. Mary.

Write for catalog:

Box LC

Kenosha, Wis.

All Saints' Episcopal
For girls. Accredited 2 yr. college, high school
2nd yr. thru 4th. High academic standards.
Situated in historic Vicksburg Nat'l. Pk. Near
Natchez. Separate music and art depts. All sports,
riding. For "All Saints' Today" and bulletin,
address:

THE REV. JOHN MAURY ALLIN, Rector Vicksburg, Miss.

ST. JOHN BAPTIST

School for Girls Under Sisters of St. John Baptist An Episcopal country boarding and day school for girls, grades 9-12 inclusive. Established 1880. Accredited College Preparatory and General Courses. Music and Art. Ample grounds, outdoor life.

For complete information and catalog address:

Box 56, Mendham, New Jersey THE SISTER SUPERIOR

HINDER, ORGANIUM BR.L., DOMENIUM BROBE, SERMIUM BREIT, LEBENDOM BRODE, GROSIUM BREIT, ERRUMOUM BLILLER MOT

ST. KATHARINE'S SCHOOL

Episcopal. Accredited. College preparatory. Sound scholastic training for individual development. Small classes. 7th-12th Grades. Sports and fine arts programs including Music, Art, Dramatics. New fireproof dor-mitory. For "Sampler" and Catalog address:

WALTER C. LEMLEY, Headmaster, DAVENPORT, IA. STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P

MARGARET HALL

Under the Sisters of St. Helena (Episcopal)

Country boarding and day school for girls, from primary through high school. Accredited college preparatory. Modern building includes gymnasium and swimming pool. Campus of six acres with ample playground space, hockey field, and tennis court. Riding.

FOR CATALOGUE AND "AVE CRUX," ADDRESS: Sister Mary Joseph, O.S.H., Prin., Box B, Versailles, Ky.

ST. MARY'S SCHOOL

Episcopal School for girls. On the Hudson. Under direction of the Sisters of St. Mary. Grades 9 through 12. College preparatory. Fully accredited. Small classes. Riding, music, art.

Sister Superior, St. Mary's School Peekskill 9, New York

NURSING

SCHOOL OF NURSING

St. Luke's Hospital, Davenport, Iowa

Fully Accredited, three year program. College affiliation. Male and Married Students accepted, Loans and Scholarships available. For information write to director.

NEWS

Continued from page 10

\$225,000 would be set aside for development of the diocese's new camp and conference center; and \$67,500 would be given as a tithe to the national Church for work outside the diocese. The costs of the campaign would account for the remainder of the total.

The tithe to the national Church was presented to the convention as being just in view of the fact that communicants are asked to tithe to the parish churches and that the churches are, in turn, expected to tithe to the diocese.

Grace Church, Estherville, and St. Timothy's Church, West Des Moines, Iowa, were admitted as parishes, and Holy Trinity Church, Atlantic, St. Peter's Church, Fairfield, and St. Alban's Church, Davenport, Iowa, were admitted as organized missions.

The convention adopted a 1962 diocesan council budget of \$151,162.50.

An amendment to the diocese's canons, setting up a department of college work, was approved. The convention adopted a resolution opposing federal aid to private schools, and rejected a resolution that, while opposing direct aid to such schools, would have favored long-term loans at low interest rates.



The convention adopted a resolution urging General Convention to consider holding annual Conventions, with the size of such Conventions reduced by approx-

imately one-half of the present size.

ELECTIONS. Standing committee: Rev. Charles Fletcher, Stanley Mayer. Diocesan council: clergy, Robert Hedges, William Swift, Robert Dickerson; laity, Edgar Barbee, Ray Lauterbach, William

RHODE ISLAND

National Character

The convention of the diocese of Rhode Island, meeting in St. John's Cathedral, Providence, R. I., on May 16th, directed the establishment of a department of overseas missions as a permanent part of the diocesan council. The convention also adopted resolutions opposing federal aid to private schools, and condemning any type of racial discrimination.

Speaking to the convention, Bishop Higgins of Rhode Island said that the U-2 airplane incident of last year and this year's attempted invasion of Cuba not only "damaged the American national character in the eyes of other nations." but seem to have been "denials of what we stand for." He added that the recent flight into space by an American "was really in keeping with what we ought to do and what other people expect of us."

In actions, the convention:

Adopted a total budget of \$275,804, including full payment of the diocese's quota to the national Church.

Received the Church of the Holy Cros Middletown, and St. Augustine's Chape Kingstown, R. I., as organized missions.

Approved plans for the establishme of new work in five places in suburban area

- Approved in principle a policy of 1 cating the diocesan offices at the Provident cathedral.

ELECTIONS. Standing committee: Rev. Clarch Horner, Charles Smith. Deputies to General Covention: clerical, John Pickells, Anthony Parshle William Kite, Frederick Belden; lay, Joseph Va able, John Brown, T. D. Brown, Charles Kilve: Diocesan council: Rev. Arthur Roebuck, Herbe

WYOMING

Equal Rights



Equal rights and repres sentation for all Episcopa jurisdictions was asked b the convocation of the mi sionary district of Wyoming

At its meeting at S. Mark's Church, Cheyenne, Wyo., Ma 2d to 4th, the convocation passed a re-

olution suggesting that all jurisdictions b placed on the same footing, be given the same rights, privileges, and duties, be sut ject to the same controls, and be equal! represented in General Convention. The convocation also passed a resolu

tion asking that deputies to General Corvention support any action which would admit women as deputies to General Com vention.

A budget of \$85,000 was adopted, rep resenting an increase of about 22%. Biok op Powell of Maryland was the banque speaker at the convocation.

ELECTIONS. Executive council: Rev. Bruce Cock Rev. John Day, Jr., Ralph Blackledge, Les Evans Herbert Thompson.

SCHOOLS

FOR BOYS

THE CHURCH FARM SCHOOL Glen Loch, Pa.

A School for Boys Dependent on One Parent Grades - 5th through 12th

College Preparatory and Vocational Training: Sports: Soccer, Basketball, Track, Cross-Country Learn to study, work, play on 1600 acre farm in historic Chester Valley.

Boys' Choir Religious Training

Rev. Charles W. Shreiner, D.D. Headmaster

Post Office: Box S, Paoli, Pa.

NORTHWESTERN MILITARY AND NAVAL ACADEMY

Distinguished college preparatory school. Est. 1888Episcopal Church auspices. Religious instruction
part of academic curriculum. Small classes (average: 10 students) encourage the best in every boy.
Guidance from understanding faculty. Fireproof buildings. New 3-court gym. 85 acres on Lake Geneva,
75 miles from Chicago, 55 miles from Milwaukee.
Senior ROTC Basic. All sports; sailing. Catalog166 South Lake Shore Road Lake Geneva, Wisconsin

LETTERS

Continued from page 3

improve their understanding of the Faith nd their knowledge of the Church in other

Bundaberg (pop. 24,000) is on the northn boundary of the diocese of Brisbane, id within nine miles of the Pacific coasthe. Its main activity is sugar-cane growing. ost of our sugar is shipped to the south bulk, some of it is refined here and some it is turned into rum.

The parish has an area of 1,000 square iles, and the archdeaconry (with 18 parhes) covers an area of 150 miles square.

(Ven.) H. J. RICHARDS

he Rectory undaberg ueensland, Australia

Blake-Pike Proposals

Please let me express my amazement and oncern at the naïve attitude of proponents the Blake-Pike proposals [L.C., December 3, 1960]. It is amazing to me how the ergy, who promise to conform to the docine and discipline of the Protestant Epispal Church, can suggest and support a ovement to organic Church unity with oups that neither accept nor believe in ostolic succession, the realness of Sacraents, and the historic doctrines of the hurch. The users of grape juice, who conder Communion a mere memorial service, ould find the Prayer Book's Communion a t hard to conform to.

Many of us who were raised in certain otestant traditions left them and joined e Episcopal Church. We are now alarmed find the very Church which we sought, w willing to water down the doctrines and teachings, compromise its historic position, and blithely talk of reverting to the very pan-Protestantism from which so many Episcopal converts have only recently escaped. (Rev.) R. RILEY JOHNSON

St. Michael's Church

Yakima, Wash.

Fascinating Theology

I want to thank you for recommending (was it intended to be backhanded?) The Anglican Theological Review [L.C., June 21, 1959] which I have since read with great enthusiasm although I had never heard of it before in a steady attendance at church of over 60 years.

I suspect that many of the laity are greatly interested in theology, but the clergy often appear to feel otherwise. In fact, some of them appear to be dismayed at the idea that a layman would read a serious book such as Dr. Jules Moreau recently wrote . . .

ACU CYCLE OF PRAYER

Prayers for Church unity, missions, Armed Forces, world peace, seminaries, Church schools and the conversion of America are included in the American Church Union Cycle of Prayer. Listed below are parishes, missions, individuals, etc., who elect to take part in the Cycle by offering up the Holy Eucharist on the day assigned.

June

- St. Peter's, Geneva, N. Y.; St. Barnabas', Brooklyn, N. Y.; St. Barnabas', Richland Center, Wis.
- The Rev. Stewart C. Harbinson, Finaghy, Co Antrim, Ireland; Grace, Riverhead, N. Y.; Christ, Castle Rock, Colo.
- Church of the Incarnation, Detroit, Mich
- Church of the Epiphany, Brooklyn, N. Y. St. Andrew's, Cripple Creek, Colo.; Christ, Zillah, Wash.; St. Paul's, Shigawake, Que-
- bec, Canada
 St. Stephen's, Racine, Wis.; St. Simon's, New
 Rochelle, N. Y.
 St. Chad's, Tampa, Fla.; Emmanuel Church, St. Chad's, ... Winchester, Ky.

or such as Bornkamm's Jesus of Nazareth. In any case I thank you, and I hope you will continue to encourage laymen to find for themselves how fascinating theology is.

JOHN H. WOODHULL Professor of Engineering University of Buffalo

Buffalo, N. Y.

Parish of Trinity Church

[I am] preparing a history of the Parish of Trinity Church in the City of New York for the period from 1908 to 1951, as a supplement to the monumental work of the late Dr. Morgan Dix and his son, John A.

I am in need of such material as letters and memoirs to supplement, illuminate, and make more living the dry official records of the parish, and in many cases to correct newspaper and magazine accounts of what happened.

Dr. Manning's scrapbooks, with considerable personal correspondence, have been of great help for the period of his rectorship, 1908-1921. However, we do not possess much correspondence of the two succeeding rectorships of Dr. Stetson and Dr. Fleming, who, like Dr. Manning, were active in general Church affairs, as well as in the parish.

If I could be permitted to examine relevant material in private hands, I would, of course, agree to return it, and to treat with confidence anything which the owners of the material suggested.

Before sending me anything, it may be advisable to write me, telling me what is on hand, in case it proves to be material of which I already have a record.

(Rev. Dr.) CHARLES T. BRIDGEMAN Historiographer, Parish of Trinity Church 74 Trinity Place

New York 6, N. Y.

CLASSIFIED

advertising in The Living Church gets results.

UT-OF-PRINT fiction, non-fiction located. Long-Lost Books, Box 138, Cambridge 38, Mass.

CHURCH FURNISHINGS

NTIQUE SANCTUARY-LAMPS. Robert Robbins, 1755 Broadway, New York City.

COAT OF ARMS

UTHENTIC COAT OF ARMS indicates historical family importance: British or Continental. 0.0 colored sketch; \$18.50 finished achievement x 14. Heraldist, 2101 Eastern, Cincinnati 2, Ohio.

EXCHANGE

ONG ISLAND PRIEST, married, two children, wishes to exchange supply (including rectory) for ly. Reply: St. Christopher's Chapel, Box 355, assapequa, N. Y.

FOR RENT

OTTAGE, 6 rooms, porch, located on Long Lake, Adirondack Mountains, N. Y. No electricity, cooked by gas. Sandy beach, rowboats, canoes available. Private road. Per month, \$200. Reply Box -560.*

LINENS AND VESTMENTS

LTAR GUILDS: Linen by the yard, Dacron and Cotton for surplices, transfer patterns, threads, etc. nmples on request. Mary Fawcett Co., Box 325-L, arbichead, Mass.

AIR LINENS — Imported, exquisitely hand embroidered, made to order to fit your altar, and her beautiful embroidered Altar Linens. Church inens by the yard including Crease Resisting Albinen. Mary Moore, Box 394-L, Davenport, Iowa.

POSITIONS OFFERED

VACANCIES exist for teachers of maths, science and social science at St. Mary's School for Indian Girls, Springfield, South Dakota, Write or call Headmaster, Springfield 156.

WANTED: Curate for fast growing southeast Florida parish of over seven hundred communicants. Reply Box A-607.*

POSITIONS WANTED

CHRISTIAN LADY wishes position as house-mother, seven years' experience, can give refer-ences. Reply Box S-611.*

EXPERIENCED PRIEST, General graduate, finds it necessary to seek permanent parish or mission post in a dry climate, preferably in the southwest. Catholic-minded Churchman, fair preacher, good administrator, and very successful pastor. Available in the fall. Highest recommendation from present and past diocesans. Reply Box M-609.*

RECTOR large downtown parish wishes smaller parish. Reply Box C-610.*

RESOURCEFUL LAYMAN, 37, successful background in public and private schools, welcomes inquiries from rectors and school boards seeking to develop academically superior Church-related school. Reply Box H-597.*

VACATIONS

ROBINWOOD INN, Jackson, New Hampshire. White Mountain Vacation Center, Write for descriptive literature. The Doerflers.

*In care of The Living Church, Milwaukee 2, Wis.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING RATES (payment with order)

- (A) 20 cts. a word for one insertion; 18 cts. a word an insertion for 3 to 12 consecutive insertions; 17 cts. a word an insertion for 13 to 25 consecutive insertions; and 16 cts. a word an insertion for 26 or more consecutive insertions. Minimum rate per insertion, \$2.00.
- (B) Keyed advertisements, same rates as (A) above, add three words, plus 25 cts. service charge for first insertion and 10 cts. service charge for each succeeding insertion.
- (C) Non-commercial notices of Church organizations (resolutions and minutes); 15 cts. a word.
 (D) Copy for advertisements must be received at least 12 days before publication date.

THE LIVING CHURCH

407 East Michigan Street Milwaukee 2, Wis.

THE LIVING CHURCH reserves the right to forward only bona fide replies to advertisements appearing in its classified columns.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS

When requesting a change of address, please enclose old as well as new address. Changes must be received at least two weeks before they become

When renewing a subscription, please return our memorandum bill showing your name and complete address. If the renewal is for a gift subscription, please return our memorandum bill showing your name and address as well as the name and address of the recipient of the gift.

THE LIVING CHURCH

21

CHURCH SERVICES NEAR COLLEGES



Your financial contribution will assist

pioneering, experimental, and advance projects on the campus if

THE CHURCH SOCIETY FOR COLLEGE WORK

3515 Woodley Road, N.W. Washington 16, D. C.

This Directory is published in all January, June and September issues. Write Advertising Manager for details.

DIVISION OF COLLEGE WORK DIOCESE OF COLORADO

SUMMER SCHOOL

UNIVERSITY OF COLORADO, Boulder, Colo. ST. AIDAN'S CHAPEL 2425 Pennsylvania St. Rev. A. B. Patterson, Jr., chap. Sun & daily Eucharist; full-time chaplaincy

COLORADO STATE COLLEGE, Greeley, Colo. THE CANTERBURY HOUSE 1865 10th Ave. Rev. Charles V. Young, chap. & r; Rev. Fred F. King, ass't.

Sunday worship, Trinity Church; chaplaincy.

ST. LUKE'S HOSPITAL SCHOOL OF NURSING Denver 3, Colo.

601 East 19th Ave. Rev. Robert L. Evans, chap. Sun & Wed Eucharist in Chapel; chaplaincy for School & Hospital

UNITED STATES AIR ACADEMY Colorado Springs, Colo.

ST. MICHAEL'S CHAPEL Rev. Desmond O'Connell, vicar Sun, Eucharist on campus; Buses to Grace Church, Colorado Springs; chaplaincy to Episcopal cadets.

Refer to key on page 23

CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

ALL SAINTS 132 North Euclid Ave., Pasadena Rev. John H. Burt, r; Rev. Frank Potter, chap. Sun 8, 9:15, 11, 7; College Group 1st & 3d Sun

COLUMBIA - BARNARD

ST. PAUL'S CHAPEL on campus New York, N. Y. Rev. John M. Krumm, Ph.D., Chaplain of the University; Rev. Jack C. White, Episcopal Adviser Sun 9, 11, 12:30; Weekdays HC 4:30 Wed; 12 Fri; Canterbury Assoc Wed 5

UNIVERSITY OF CONNECTICUT

ST. MARK'S CHAPEL Rev. Eugene Charles Dixon, chap. Storrs, Conn. Sun 9:15 HC; HD 7

HAMPTON INSTITUTE Hampton, Va. ST. CYPRIAN'S Rev. Walter D. Dennis, v 129 W. Lincoln St.

Sun HC 8; MP, HC & Ser 11; Saints' Days 8

UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS, CHAMPAIGN-URBANA

ST. JOHN THE DIVINE Champaign, III. Sun: 9 Cho Eu, **5** EP, **Rev. F. S. Arvedson,** chap.; Daily: MP, HC, EP, (in term time)

MADISON, BRIDGEWATER

EMMANUEL Rev. Francis Bayard Rhein, r Harrisonburg, Va. Sun 8, 9:30, 11; York Club 5; Canterbury 6

UNIVERSITY OF NEVADA, Reno Campus ST. STEPHEN'S E. 8th at N. Center

Sun H Eu 8, 10:30, 5; W H Eu & B'kfst; HD 7, 9:30 Wed 9:30; Sat 7 BSA,

STANFORD UNIVERSITY

EPISCOPAL COLLEGE CENTER 1176 Emerson St. Palo Alto, Calif. Rev. John W. Duddington, chap; Miss Marian Smallegan, college associate

Sun 8, 9:30; Tues 12:10; HD 7; full-time chaplaincy and Canterbury program

UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN

Madison, Wis. 1001 University Ave.

ST. FRANCIS' HOUSE Rev. Gerald White

Sun & daily worship; full-time chaplain and Canterbury program

UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN, Milwaukee MILWAUKEE-DOWNER COLLEGE

EPISCOPAL CAMPUS RECTORY, 3216 N. Downer Rev. James Dyar Moffett, chaplain Open Daily 8-10

Follow the news of General Convention in THE LIVING CHURCH 407 E. Michigan Street Milwaukee 2, Wis. Please enter my subscription to THE LIVING CHURCH for one year (\$10.00); ☐ two years (\$18.00); ☐ three years (\$24.00) Signed_ Street__ _Zone___State_ Bill me later My payment is enclosed

PEOPLE and place:

Appointments Accepted

The Rev. George I. Chassey, Jr., formerly assistant ant at St. Martin's in the Fields, Columbia, S. is now rector of the Church of the Holy Apostla Barnwell, S. C. Address: Box 207, Barnwell.

The Rev. Martin J. Dwyer, formerly in chan of Gethsemane Church, Sisseton, S. D., and t Sisseton Indian Mission, is now curate at Emmanu Church, Rapid City, S. D. Address: 3202 Cypress & The Dwyers announced the birth of their fir child, Chad Geoffrey, on April 20.

The Rev. Howard S. Hane, formerly vicar of § Boniface's Church, Sarasota, Fla., is now can pastor of St. Andrew's Cathedral, Honolulu.

The Rev. Frederick J. Hunter, formerly in charof St. Philip's Church, Salisbury, N. C., and the Church of the Holy Cross, Statesville, is now servi the Church of the Good Shepherd, Thomasville, G

The Rev. William L. Ketcham, formerly rector St. Paul's Church, Carlinville, Ill., and St. Peters. Church, Chesterfield, is now assistant at St. Mchael's Church, Amsterdam Ave. at Ninety-Nin St., New York City.

The Rev. Ralph L. Masters, formerly in chargof St. John's Church, Palacios, Texas, is now rectof St. Philip's Church, Houston. Address: 65 Beekman, Houston 21.

The Rev. Harris C. Mooney, formerly rector St. John's Church, Kewanee, Ill., and acting instru tor in Old Testament at Nashotah House, Nashota Wis., is now rector of St. Alban's Church, Sus Wis., vicar of St. Peter's, North Lake, and instru tor at Nashotah.

The Rev. Ronald P. Prinn, formerly assistan the Parish on Martha's Vineyard, in the diocese Massachusetts, will on June 15 become rector St. James' Parish, Amesbury, Mass. Address: Sparhawk St.

The Rev. Robert G. Ruffie, formerly priest icharge of the Church of the Holy Family, Pam Forest, Ill., is now rector. The church was given parochial status at the recent convention of the conv diocese of Chicago.

The Rev. Edwin S. Sunderland, who has been studying in England, is now rector of St. Elizabeth: Church, Sudbury, Mass.

The Rev. Stanley Allen Watson, formerly rector of Emmanuel Church, Kellogg, Idaho, will on Jul 1 become curate at St. Paul's Church, Walla Walld Wash. Address: 326 Catherine St.

The Rev. McRae Werth, formerly associate recta of St. Andrew's Church, Wilmington, Del., will o July 1 become priest in charge of All Saints Church, West Newbury, Mass., and curate at St Paul's, Newburyport.

The Rev. Luther Williams, who formerly servest. Andrew's Mission, Portland, Ore., is now missioner at St. John's Church, Bandon, Ore., and St. Christopher's, Port Orford. Address: Box 246 Bandon.

Armed Forces

The Rev. Glen E. McCutcheon, who has been asso ciate at St. Luke's Parish, Evanston, Ill., is now a chaplain in the U. S. Air Force, with the rand of captain. Address: OMR 13, Keesler Air Force

Chaplain John D. Vincer, USN, formerly add dressed in Cambridge, Mass., may now be addressed: Office of the Chaplain, Second Marin-Division, Fleet Marine Force, Camp Le Jeune, N. C

Ordinations

Priests

Arkansas - On May 24, the Rev. Robert Alfred Fisher, vicar, St. Matthew's, Benton, and St. Michael's, Arkadelphia; the Rev. Edward L. Salmon Jr., vicar, St. Andrew's, Rogers, and St. James' Eureka Springs.

Kentucky — On May 16, the Rev. Harry W Thompson, priest in charge of St. John's, Morgan field, and St. Clement's, Henderson.

Minnesota - On May 22, the Rev. Douglass C

bert, in charge of churches at Eveleth and wer; the Rev. William M. Johnston, curate at Paul's, Duluth, also in charge of churches at ver Bay and Two Harbors; the Rev. James A. k, curate, St. Stephen's, Edina; the Rev. Rodney Jarchow, curate at St. John's, Mankato, also in urge of churches at Lake Crystal and at St. nes, Minn.; and the Rev. Benjamin I. Scott, est in charge of Holy Trinity Church, Luverne.

Changes of Address

'he Rev. W. Ross Baley, who recently became ar of St. George's Church, West Asheville, N. C., uld be addressed at 24 Vermont Ct., West Ashee.

he Rev. N. R. Pearson, who recently retired as tor of St. Paul's Church, Woodbury, Conn., and hdeacon of Litchfield, may now be addressed: miecroft, RFD 1, Thomaston, Conn.

the Rev. William M. Romer, who is serving St. ry's Church, Lake Luzerne, N. Y., should be bressed at Box 187, Lake Luzerne, rather than at ns Falls, N. Y.

Births

The Rev. John G. Arthur and Mrs. Arthur, of ist Church, Slidell, La., announce the birth of ir third child and first son, John Greening, Jr. May 12.

he Rev. Wesley H. Smith and Mrs. Smith, of Church of the Heavenly Rest, New York, anince the birth of their first child, Elise Latham, May 18.

Religious Orders

strother Mark, SBB (Robert G. Nelson) and other Kenneth, SBB (Kenneth R. Sharpe) were fessed under temporary vows in St. Barnabas otherhood, Gibsonia, Pa., in February and May pectively.

Diocesan Positions

the Rev. Samuel T. Coulter, vicar of St. Paul's 1rch, Harsen's Island, is now dean of the Blue ter Convocation of the diocese of Michigan. The r. Frederick S. Nicholson, vicar of St. David's 1rch, Garden City, is now dean of the Downriver 1vocation.

Degrees Conferred

he Rev. F. Ricksford Meyers, S.T.D., rector of Matthew's Church, Detroit, received the honordegree of doctor of humane letters recently from Augustine's College, Raleigh, N. C.

Women

Iiss Marguerite Hyer, formerly consultant in istian education at Christ Church Cathedral, Louis, Mo., will on September 1 become instruc-

tor in religious education at Union Theological Seminary. Address: McGiffert Hall, 99 Claremont, New York 27.

Living Church Correspondents

Mr. Basil Romanovich of the Indianapolis News is now correspondent for the diocese of Indianapolis.

Other Changes

The Rev. Dr. Luther D. Miller, whose resignation as canon precentor of the Washington Cathedral was recently announced, has been elected an honorary canon of the cathedral.

DEATHS

"Rest eternal grant unto them, O Lord, and let light perpetual shine upon them."

The Rev. Lewis Rice Howell, rector of St. Peter's Church, Port Chester, N. Y., died on April 26th at the age of 63.

Dr. Howell was born in Hackettstown, N. J., in 1898. He studied at St. Stephen's College and Nashotah House, and was ordained to the priesthood in 1927. He received the DD degree from Nashotah House in 1942. He started working with the New York City Mission in 1925, organized Gracemere Camp in Tarrytown, N. Y., in 1926, and was head worker at God's Providence House, New York City. He was rector of Christ Church, Yonkers, N. Y., from 1931 until 1939. From 1939 until his death, he was rector of the Port Chester church. He served as an Army chaplain from 1942 until 1946.

as an Army chaplain from 1942 until 1946. He is survived by his wife, Norma Ingold Howell, a son, Michael Howell, and a sister.

The Rev. Arthur Vincent Litchfield, rector emeritus of St. James' Church, Fordham, the Bronx, New York City, died on April 26th at the age of 68.

Fr. Litchfield was born in Derby, England, in 1892. He studied at McGill University, Montreal,

ANGLICAN CYCLE OF PRAYER

June

- 11. Kilmore and Elphin and Ardagh, Ireland
- 12. Kimberley and Kuruman, South Africa
- 13. Kobe, Japan
- 14. Kootenay, Canada
- 15. Korea
- 16. Kurunagala, Ceylon
- 17. Kwei-Hsiang (Kwangsi-Hunan)

Canada, and was graduated from Columbia University in 1929. He was ordained to the priesthood in 1923 by the Bishop of Montreal, and was received into the Episcopal Church in 1928. From 1927 until 1934 he was assistant at St. Michael's Church, New York City. He was rector of St. James' Church, the Bronx, from 1934 until his retirement in 1959.

He is survived by his wife, Hilda Ursula Phillips Litchfield, a daughter, Mrs. Muriel Buckner, and three grandchildren.

Joseph J. Cleveland, senior warden of the Church of the Ascension, Buffalo, N. Y., died on May 16th.

Mr. Cleveland was elected senior warden of his parish church seven years ago, after having served for many years as a vestryman and as junior warden. He is survived by his wife, Edna Tischendorf Cleveland, a daughter, Mrs. B. E. Campbell, his mother, Mrs. Harry Cleveland, and a granddaughter. His son-in-law, the Rev. Bernard E. Campbell, is vicar of All Saints' Church, Amherst, N. Y.

Sarah Rogers Palmer Colmore, widow of the late Bishop Colmore of Puerto Rico, died near Peekskill, N. Y., on May 20th.

Mrs. Colmore was a native of Fernandina, Fla. She married her late husband in 1903. Bishop Colmore was the Puerto Rico diocesan from 1913 until 1947. He died in 1950. Mrs. Colmore is survived by seven children: Dr. Henry P. Colmore, Mrs. Oscar Norgard, Mrs. Thomas Adams, Robert L. Colmore, Charles B. Colmore, Jr., Mrs. Charles A. Dunn, Jr., and Dr. John P. Colmore. In addition, she is survived by 22 grandchildren and five great-grandchildren.

Alice Ward Howland Montgomery, widow of the late Rev. Hugh E. Montgomery, former chaplain at the Bishop's School, La Jolla, Calif., died on April 27th at Laguna Beach, Calif., at the age of 82.

Laguna Beach, Calif., at the age of 82.

Mrs. Montgomery was born in Williamstown,
Mass. Besides his post at the Bishop's School, her
husband had served a number of churches in Pennsylvania and California. One of Mrs. Montgomery's last visitors was Bishop Hart of Pennsylvania.

Mrs. Montgomery is survived by a daughter, four grandchildren, and 11 great-grandchildren.

Frederica Lott Haring Sterrett, wife of the Rt. Rev. Frank W. Sterrett, retired Bishop of Bethlehem, died in Hartford, Conn., on May 23d.

ford, Conn., on May 23d.

Bishop and Mrs. Sterrett had been married 50 years. Besides her husband, Mrs. Sterrett is sur-

vived by three children.

ATTEND SUMMER CHURCH SERVICES

Traveling? The parish churches listed here extend a most cordial welcome to visitors. When attending one of these services, tell the rector you saw the announcement in THE LIVING CHURCH.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK.

TRINITY CATHEDRAL Very Rev. Charles Higgins, dean 1 blk E. of N-S Hwy 67

Sun 7:30, 9:25, 11

17th & Spring

LOS ANGELES, CALIF.

ST. MARY OF THE ANGELS 4510 Finley Ave. Rev. James Jordan, r

Sun: Masses 8, 9, 11, MP 10:40, EP & B 5:30; Daily 9; C Sat 4:30 & 7:30

SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF.

ADVENT 261 Fell St. Near Civic Center Rev. James T. Golder, r

Sun Masses: 8, 9:30, 11; Daily (ex Fri & Sat) 7:30, Fri & Sat 9; HH 1st Fri 8, C Sat 4:30-6

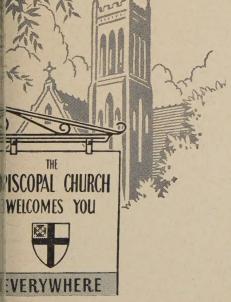
SANTA MONICA, CALIF.

ST. AUGUSTINE-BY-THE-SEA 1227 Fourth St. Rev. Robert C. Rusack, r; Rev. George F. Hartung; Rev. Jack L. Cowan

Sun.7:30, 9:15, 11; Daily MP, HC, EP

Continued on next page

KEY—Light face type denotes AM, black face PM; add, address; anno, announced; AC, Ante-Communion; appt, appointment; B, Benediction; C, Confessions; Cho, Choral; Ch S, Church School; c, curate; d, deacon; d. r. e., director of religious education; EP, Evening Prayer; Eu, Eucharist; Ev, Evensong; ex, except; 1S, first Sunday; HC, Holy Communion; HD, Holy Days; HH, Holy Hour; Instr, Instructions; Int, Intercessions; Lit, Litany; Mat, Matins; MP, Morning Prayer; P, Penance; r, rector; r-em, rector-emeritus; Ser, Sermon; Sol, Solemn; Sta, Stations; V, Vespers; v, vicar; YPF, Young People's Fellowship.



ATTEND SUMMER CHURCH SERVICES

Continued from previous page

WASHINGTON, D. C.

ALL SAINTS' Chevy Chase Circle, Rf. 240 Rev. C. E. Berger, Th.D., r; Rev. H. B. Lilley, Rev. W. A. Opel, associates

Sun HC 7:30, Family Service 9:30, MP 11, 1S HC 11; Daily MP 10; HC Wed & HD 10

2430 K St., N.W. Sun Masses 8, 9:30, 11:15, Sol Ev & B 8; Mass daily 7; also Tues & Sat 9:30; Thurs & HD 12 noon; MP 6:45, EP 6; C Sat 5-7

CORAL GABLES, FLA.

ST. PHILIP'S Coral Way at Columbus Rev. John G. Shirley, r; Rev. James R. Daughtry, c; Rev. Ralph A. Harris, choirmaster Sun: 7, 8, 9:15, 11; Daily; C Sat 5

FORT LAUDERDALE, FLA.

335 Tarpon Drive Sun 7:30, 9, 11, & 7; Daily 7 & 5:30; Thurs & HD 9; C Fri & Sat 4:30-5:30

COCONUT GROVE, MIAMI, FLA.

ST. STEPHEN'S 2750 McFarlane Road Rev. Don H. Copeland, r

Sun 7, 8, 10; Daily 7:30

ORLANDO, FLA. CATHEDRAL OF ST. LUKE Main & Jefferson Sts. Very Rev. Francis Campbell Gray, dean Sun 6:30, 7:30, 9, 11; Daily 7:10; 5:45; Thurs & HD 10; C Sat 5-6

ATLANTA, GA.

OUR SAVIOUR 1068 N. Highland Ave., N.E. Sun: Masses 7:30, 9:15, 11, Ev & B 8; Wed 7; Fri 10:30; Other days 7:30; C Sat 5

CATHEDRAL OF ST. JAMES
Huron & Wabash (nearest Loop)
Very Rev. H. S. Kennedy, D.D., dean
Sun 8 & 9:30 HC, 11 MP, HC, & Ser; Daily 7:15
MP, 7:30 HC, also Wed 10; Thurs 6:30; (Mon thru
Fri) Int 12:10, 5:15 EP

ALL SAINTS CHAPEL
Episcopal Church Loop Center
Tues, Wed & HD: MP & HC 7:45; HC 12:10
Mon thru Fri

1133 N. LaSalle Street ASCENSION

Rev. F. William Orrick

Sun: MP 7:45, Masses 8, 9, & 11, EP **7:30;** Wkdys: MP 6:45, Mass 7, EP **5:30;** Fri & Sat Mass 7 & 9:30; C Sat **4:30-5:30** & **7:30-8:30**

EVANSTON, ILL.

ST. LUKE'S Hinman & Lee Streets Sun H Eu 7:30, 9, 11, MP 8:30, EP 12:30; Weekdays: H Eu 7; also Wed 6:15 & 10; also Fri (Requiem) 7:30; also Sat 10; MP 8:30, EP 5:30; C Sat 4:30-5:30, 7:30-8:30 & by appt

BALTIMORE, MD.

MOUNT CALVARY N. Eutaw and Madison Streets Rev. MacAllister Ellis, Rev. Donald L. Davis Sun Masses: 7, 8, 9 (Sung); Daily: 7, 9:30; Sun Masses: 7, 8, 9 (Su C Sat **4:30-5:30, 7:30-8:30**

BOSTON, MASS.

ALL SAINTS' at Ashmont Station, Dorchester Rev. S. Emerson, Rev. T. J. Hayden, Rev. D. F. Burr Sun 7:30, 9 (sung), 11 Sol & Ser, 5:30 EP; Daily 7 ex Sat 8:30; EP 5:45; C Sat 5 & 8, Sun 8:30

WILLIAMSTOWN, MASS.

23 Park Street ST. JOHN'S Sun HC 8, MP 9:15 (HC 2S), MP 11 (HC 1S); HC Tues 7:20, Wed & HD 10

ST. MATTHIAS Grand River & W. Grand Blvd. Visit us during the General Convention Sun 9, 11; Wed 11; Thurs 7; Fri 8:30

ST. LOUIS, MO.

HOLY COMMUNION 740 Rev. W. W. S. Hohenschild, S.T.D., r 7401 Delmar Blvd. Sun HC 8, 9, 11, 15, MP; HC Tues 7, Wed 10

A Church Services Listing is a sound investment in the promotion of **church attendance** by all Churchmen, whether they are at home or away from home. Write to our advertising department for full particulars and rates.

LAS VEGAS, NEV.

2000 Maryland Parkway CHRIST CHURCH Rev. Tally H. Jarrett; Rev. H. Finkenstaedt, Jr. Sun HC 8, 9:15, 11, EP 5:30; Daily HC 7:15, EP 5:30

ROCHESTER, N. H.

57 Wakefield St. REDEEMER

The Most Modern Church in New Hampshire Sun: 8, 10 HC; C by appt

NEWARK, N. J.

Broad & Walnut Sts. GRACE Rev. Herbert S. Brown, r Sun Masses 7:30, 9:15 (Sung), 11; Daily 7:30 (ex-Fri 9:30); HD 7:30 & 9:30; C Sat 11-12; **4:30-5**

BUFFALO, N. Y.
3107 Main Street at Highgate ST. ANDREW'S 3107 Main Street at Highgate Rev. Thomas R. Gibson, r Sun Masses 8, 9:30, 11:15; Daily 7, ex Thurs 10; C Sat 4:30-5:30 & by appt

ELMIRA, N. Y.

Church and Davis Sts. GRACE Sun MP 7:15, HC 7:30, 9, EP 8; HC Wed 9:30; Thurs 7; HD as anno; MP 9:30 if no HC; C by appt; Healing 1st Mon

NEW YORK, N. Y.

CATHEDRAL CHURCH OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE 112th St. and Amsterdam Ave.
Sun: HC 7, 8, 9, 10; MP HC & Ser 11; Ev & Ser 4; Wkdys: MP & HC 7:15 (& 10 Wed); EP 5

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S Park Ave. and 51st St. Rev. Terence J. Finlay, D.D., r 8, 9:30 HC, 11 Morning Service & Ser, 9:30 & 11, Ch S, 4 EP (Spec Music); Weekdays HC Tues 12:10; Wed & Saints' Days 8; Thurs 12:10; Organ Recitals Wed 12:10; EP Daily 5:45. Church open daily for

SAINT ESPRIT 109 E. 60 (just E. of Park Ave.) Rev. René E. G. Vaillant, Ph.D., Th.D., r Sun 11. All services & sermons in French.

HEAVENLY REST Rev. John Ellis Large, D.D. Sun HC 8 & 9, MP Ser 11; Thurs HC and Healing Service 12 & 6; Wed HC 7:30; HD HC 7:30 & 12

ST. IGNATIUS' Rev. Charles A. Weatherby, r 87th Street, one block west of Broadway Sun Mass 8:30 & 11 (Sol); Daily (ex Mon & Wed) 7:30; Wed 8:30; C Sat 4-5

ST. MARY THE VIRGIN Rev. Grieg Taber, D.D. 139 West 46th St. Sun: Masses 7, 9, 11 (High), Ev & B 8; Daily 7, 8; C Thurs 4:30-5:30; Fri 12-1; Sat 2-3, 4-5, 7:30-8:30

RESURRECTION 115 East 74th Rev. A. A. Chambers, S.T.D., r; Rev. C. O. Moore, c Sun Masses: 8, 9, (Sung) & 11 (Sol); Daily 7:30 ex Sat; Wed & Sat 10; C Sat **5-6**

ST. THOMAS

Sth Ayenue & 53d Street
Rev. Frederick, M. Morris, D.D., r

Sun HC 8, 9:30, 11 (1S) MP 11; Daily ex Sat HC
8:15; Tues 12:10; Wed 5:30; Thurs 11; HD 12:10

NEW YORK, N. Y. (Cont'd) THE PARISH OF TRINITY CHURCH Rev. John Heuss, D.D., r

TRINITY
Rev. Bernard C. Newman, S.T.D., v
Sun MP 8:40, 10:30, HC 8, 9, 10, 11, EP 3:30; Daic
MP 7:45, HC 8, 12, Ser 12:30 Tues, Wed & Thui
EP 5:15 ex Sat; Sat HC 8; C Fri 4:30 & by api

ST. PAUL'S CHAPEL Broadway & Fulton S Rev. Robert C. Hunsicker, V

Sun HC 8, MP HC Ser 10; Weekdays: HC 8 (Thu also at 7:30) EP 5:10 ex Sat; Int & Bible Study 1:0 ex Sat; C Fri 4:30-5:30; Organ Recital Wednesda

CHAPEL OF THE INTERCESSION Broadway & 155th St. Rev. C. Kilmer Myers, S.T.D., v

Sun 8, 9, 11; Weekdays HC Mon 10, Tues 8:1: Wed 10, **6:15**, Thurs 7, Fri 10, Sat 8, MP 12 minuta before HC, Int noon, EP **8** ex Wed **6:15**, Sat **5**

ST. LUKE'S CHAPEL 487 Hudson S Rev. Paul C. Weed, Jr., v Sun HC 8, 9:15 & 11; Daily HC 7 & 8; C Sat 5-1 8-9, & by appt

ST. AUGUSTINE'S CHAPEL
Rev. Wm. W. Reed, v; Rev. Thomas P. Logan, p-in-l
Sun HC 8, 9, 10 (Spanish), 11:30 Sol High Mad
and Ser; Daily: HC 7:30 ex Thurs 9:30, 6:30; So
9:30, EP 5; C Sat 4-5, 6:30-7:30 & by appt

ST. CHRISTOPHER'S CHAPEL 48 Henry Stree Rev. Wm. W. Reed, v; Rev. Wm. D. Dwyer, p-in-Sun MP 7:45, HC 8, 9:30, 11 (Spanish), EP 5:15 Mon - Thurs MP 7:45, HC 8 & Thurs 5:30; Fri M 8:45, HC 9; Sat MP 9:15, HC 9:30; EP Daily 5:15 C Sat 4-5, 6:30-7:30 & by appt

ASCENSION 548 Congress St., Rts. 2, 66, 4 Rev. Knight Dunkerley Sun: HC 8, 10, until June 25. Beginning June 2: Sun: HC 7:30, 9:30

WATKINS GLENN, N. Y.

ST. JAMES' (in the Heart of the Finger Lakes) Rev. Alton H. Stivers, r Sun HC 8, 10:30; Weekdays an anno

PHILADELPHIA, PA. ST. MARK'S Locust St. between 16th and 17th St.

Sun HC 8, 9, 11, EP 5:30; Daily 7:45, 5:30; Thank & Sat 9:30; Wed & Fri 12:10; C Fri 4:30-5:30 Sat 12-1

RICHMOND, VA.

TROY, N.Y.

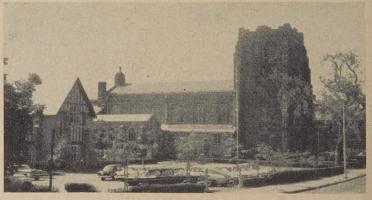
ST. LUKE'S Cowardin Ave. & Bainbridge \$1 Rev. Walter F. Hendricks, Jr., r Sun Masses: 7:30, 9:30, Ch S 11; Mass daily ex Tues & Thurs 10; Sol Ev & Devotions 1st Fri & Holy Unction 2d Thurs 10:30; C Sat **4-5**

WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, W. VA.

ST. THOMAS' (near) The Greenbrien Rev. Edgar Tiffany Sun 8, HC; 11 MP & Ser (1st HC)

VANCOUVER, B. C. CANADA

ST. JAMES' Gore & Cordov Sun Masses: 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 11, Sol Ev **7:30** Daily Mass: 7:15; C Sat 7 & 8:30 & by appt



ALL SAINTS' CHURCH BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS